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The Daily Commercial

It is now said no disagreement took place between Minister Campbell and General Sherman, but that everything was harmonious though unsuccessful. The former missed his opportunity to join Juarez by being a few days too late, but expects to be in Mexico early in March.

At a late wedding in Petersburgh, Va., a former husband of the bride officiated as the bridegroom's attendant. The idea of this former husband, knowing the future fate in store for his successor, thus ostentatiously assisting at the sacrifice, is one of the worst instances of cold blooded malignity on record.

Thompson, the negro burglar who shot and severely injured Mrs. Aaron Ward while robbing her house at Newark, New Jersey, New Years' night, has been sentenced to thirty years in the State Prison. What a Rip Van Winkle experience he will have when he comes out; that is if he ever does come out.

The citizens of Atlanta, Ga., vexed by defalcations of the City Treasurer and by financial troubles, met on the 30th ult., and invited their Mayor, Williams, to resign. On the 4th inst. he responded, repudiating all responsibility for the frauds of the Treasurer, and declining to resign. That Mayor is evidently resolved to make his position a stable one, whatever his constituents may think about it.

The lower house of the Ohio Legislature has a speaker whose name is Parrott. This gentleman delivered himself of a short address of welcome on the occasion of General Sheridan's visit to Columbus. To his extreme delight he found his "eloquent and appropriate remarks" inextricably mixed up with those of the President of the Senate in the report of the Cincinnati *Commercial*. Of course the *Commercial* is very sorry.

Gen. Jeff C. Davis has been relieved of the command of the department of Kentucky, and ordered to join the twenty third regiment of infantry, of which he is colonel, at Fort Brisco, Idaho. It cannot be the pleasantest thing in the world to rip off one's two stars and sew on eagles in their stead, to come down from the command of a corps to a regiment; from General to Colonel, and from six thousand dollars a year to almost twenty-five hundred.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, under the impression that the temporary loss of Sherman's amendment would be the death of reconstruction for the present session, says the news was received with the liveliest satisfaction." The joy was brief, for that which gave so much "satisfaction" to rebels could not be long permitted in by loyal men. By this time the *Enquirer* is in deepest mourning. The innocent man, forgetful of the past, says "there is something revolting in the overthrow of the government, and the invasion by armies of a people who are in profound peace." Pity the South did not think so in 1861. Having acted on the opposite principle, the penalty has become inevitable—and that's what's the matter.

New Piano Factory.—We are informed by the N. Y. *Times* that the large piano factory on West Thirteenth street, heretofore occupied by J. B. Dunham, has been purchased by the Messrs. Steinway & Sons, who intend to devote it to the exclusive manufacture of their newly patented iron clad, upright pianos. The introduction and growing popularity of this style of instrument has imposed upon the Messrs. Steinway the necessity of a second factory in addition to their mammoth establishment on Fourth avenue, which latter, although of immense proportions, hardly sufficed for the production of the required number of grands and squares. The new factory will be completely fitted with a special view to the manufacture of the upright boudoir pianos, and the proprietors by this means hopes to be able hereafter to satisfy all demands upon them.

The Attorney General of Pennsylvania has decided that the Chief of Transportation is not authorized to defray the cost of removing the body, for re-interment in this State, of any citizen thereof who perished while serving in the armies of the Union, unless he belonged to a regiment regularly organized in Pennsylvania and credited to the State's quota of troops. A volunteer, drafted man and regular, are only rated as Pennsylvania soldiers when Pennsylvania received credit on her quota for such men. Hereafter, in compliance with this opinion, no transportation will be issued by the State, except for the removal of the dead bodies of soldiers who enlisted in regiments belonging to this State, or who, serving in the regular army, were credited on the quotas of troops raised by the National Government from Pennsylvania.

Russian Mud Baths.—There is at Tchokrak a small curative establishment. It is a kind of shanty, containing a dining room and a kitchen, a few cells, each large enough to hold an exceedingly small bed and one chair, a shed with a few tubs, and a huge caldron to warm water. Outside towards the lake is a long corridor open to the lake, but sheltered by a wooden roof from the sun. It is divided into two parts by a partition, separating the ladies' from the gentlemen's quarter. There are planks enabling the bather to traverse the long slope of slippery mud between the bath-house and the water, and this is very necessary, as there is no foot hold, and when wet, the mud could not be walked over without falling. Such is the accommodation offered to the ordinary bather. The baths alone are no doubt efficacious, for the water is not only salt, but is very rich in iodides and bromides. But it is the mud that those who resort to this lake chiefly look to. The mud baths, simple as they are, certainly ought to be efficacious. The bath is a box of high desk, of the shape and size of a coffin. This box is filled with thick, hot, mud, so nearly hot that the weight of the body will only sink slightly into it. The patient lies upon it, and an attendant covers him up with a foot of such mud, which is firmly compacted round him, so that no part is exposed but the face. All this is done in the open air in a broiling sun. A small pent-house is arranged to shade the face, and the patient is left to enjoy himself. He is thus buried alive and parboiled for a period varying from half an hour to an hour and a half. In an atmosphere of almost stifling heat, redolent of rotten eggs, in a closely fitting case of exceedingly stiff mud, in association perhaps with half a dozen other victims, ranged side by side close together, he waits his cure and surely he deserves it. When his time is up, and the baked crust or shell is broken, he is found floating. He is then removed to a warm bath, and it is said that he comes out clean. At any rate, he is hungry. He has been stewed in his own juices, whatever they may be, and when the meal time arrives he is enabled to do justice to the food provided, which, according to the specimen of it I enjoyed, was rather superior to that generally obtained at Russian hotels of the second order. The boxes from which the patients have been taken retain perfectly the whole form of the body almost as if it had been intended to take a cast from them in plaster of Paris. The mud requires to be removed, and is replaced with a fresh supply the next day.

STATE ITEMS.

The new church edifice, of the United Presbyterian congregation, in Washington borough, was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies last Sabbath. The dedicatory sermon was preached by Rev. Jno. B. Clark, D. D., of this city.

J. R. Gray, Sheriff of Venango county, has appointed the following deputies, who are authorized to transact all manner of business connected with the office of Sheriff of said county, viz: Kenney, Petroleum Centre; D. D. Moriarty, Clinton; Capt. H. H. Herpst, Oil City; Wm. James, C. S. Marks, R. Little and N. B. Riddle, Franklin.

Among the items of expense in the Commissioner's account for Fayette county we find $5 35 for fox and wild cat scalps, and an item of $93 89 for washing and shaving the "Com," whatever that is.

The candidates for State Treasurer, to succeed Gen. H. Kemble, recently re-elected, are opening the campaign early. Senator Connell, of Philadelphia, gave a banquet at the Lochiel House, Harrisburg, on Thursday night, to the officers of the Senate, at which Simon Cameron, of course, and members of the Senate and House were present. On Saturday afternoon, Senator Graham, of Allegheny, presided over a meeting of workmen at the Lochiel Iron Works, Harrisburg, and made a speech, in which he extolled the purity, etc., of Simon Cameron, and excused himself for voting for Cameron for United States Senator, although he knew he might alienate many valued friends." Mr. Connell will have to bid higher than he has yet done, if he expects to beat Graham for the nomination.

J. S. Eyster, Esq., Judge of Colorado Territory, formerly of the Pittsburgh bar, has returned to Chambersburg on a visit. The *Repository* says: He seems to think that Heaven's last best gift to man was Colorado, and that the sun, the stars and the spheres were created expressly to shine and serve it. He pronounces it the finest territory of the world—unsurpassed in climate, and with all its vast mineral resources as sustaining as an agricultural territory. We learn that he will return in April."

Thomas Leis shot and instantly killed George Eller, as the latter was taking his seat in the prisoner's dock in the Criminal Court, Philadelphia, on Wednesday. Eller had brutally outraged the daughter of Leis, aged between ten and eleven years, and was about to be placed on trial for the offense, when the agonized parent took the law into his own hands. Leis was committed to prison for trial.

Within a few square miles in East Mahoning township, Indiana county, not less than fifty deer were killed last week. Five were killed at one tree, and in several instances three were taken together.

Rock has been found on the farm of Wm. J. Thomas, in Pine township, Indiana county, strongly impregnated with iron oar. The rock was found on Yellow creek.

The Indiana *Messenger* states that a man named Samuel Wynman, residing in Center township, near Homer, Indiana county, eloped a few evenings since, with a frail damsel named Pedford. The guilty pair were followed as far as Blairsville, where they passed as man and wife. It is understood they have gone to seek a home in the West. Wynman leaves a wife and several children to battle through life without his aid or assistance.

The Conneautville *Record* of this week says: It will be remembered that Mrs. Adaline, wife of Mr. David Conick, of Conneaut township, who wandered from home in October last, while hopelessly insane. On Sunday last, the skeleton of a woman was found in a sugar bush two miles from Ashtabula, Ohio, and the remains subsequently identified by the clothes as those of Mrs. Conick. The deceased was forty-five years of age, and had been insane for twelve years.

Governor Geary has appointed Henry Gilbert, of Dauphin county, George Bergner, of Dauphin and William Lowther, of Perry county, trustees of the State Insane Asylum.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

Indian Bureau Bill Defeated.

The Amendatory Tax Bill.

Tax on Cotton Stricken Out Entirely.

Five Per Cent. on Incomes Over $1,000.

The Reconstruction Bill Before the Cabinet.

Cost of Constructing Pacific Railway

Surratt's Trial to Take Place in March.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, February 22, 1867.

Defeat of Indian Bureau Bill.

In the Senate to-day three hours were consumed in discussing the House proposition to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department. General Grant was on the floor of the Senate and urged its adoption, but it was defeated by a large majority.

United States at Paris.

A joint resolution regulating the duties of the Commission to represent the United States at the Paris Exposition, and making additional appropriations for freight on articles to be sent there was passed. No evening session was held.

The Tax Bill.

The House was principally engaged to-day and this evening on the amendatory tax bill. The tax on raw cotton was stricken out entirely. After a long debate the income tax was left as it stood in the bill, namely, a tax of five per cent. on all incomes, with one thousand dollars exempt. Several attempts were made to modify the tax. The other changes in the bill were unimportant.

The Reconstruction Bill.

The Cabinet at its meeting to-day took up and discussed the reconstruction bill passed by Congress on Wednesday. No doubt was felt at the adjournment, but that the President would on Tuesday or Wednesday next send in his message returning the bill with his objections. Several conservative members of Congress, in conversation to-day, urged him to sign it on the ground that if he did not it would tend to extreme legislation against the Executive in the Fortieth Congress.

The Whisky Frauds.

The special committee on the New York Custom House will make a report next week, in which such developments are foreshadowed as will lead, it is claimed, to the prompt resignation of several officials. The committee say that every effort has been made to suppress their report by abstracting their evidence and documents.

Cost of Pacific Railways.

A statement laid before the Ways and Means Committee by the Secretary of the Interior shows that to complete the Union Pacific Railroad to the junction with the Central Pacific, will require an issue of twenty-four millions of Government bonds, and that to complete the total number of miles of railroads for which an issue of Government bonds is required, will demand an issue of nearly seventy millions of bonds.

The Compromise Investigation.

The special House Committee to-day continued its investigations into the reported attempted compromise between the President and Congress, on the basis that if the President made concessions that the impeachment matter would be dropped, but have taken no evidence substantiating any such statement. Thus far none but reporters and correspondents have been examined.

Trial of Surratt.

It is the intention to commence the trial of Surratt early in March. His counsel are actively engaged in preparing his defense. The three principal witnesses for the Government, St. Marie, who discovered Surratt in Rome; Weichman, who testified before the military commission, and the man who received the firearms from Mrs. Surratt at the tavern in Maryland, are all here.

The Coast Survey.

Prof. Pierce, of Cambridge, will be tendered, it is understood, the appointment of Superintendent of United States coast survey, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Prof. Bache.

Financial.

The Finance Committee have voted to oppose the House bill providing for the issue of one hundred millions of greenbacks to take the place of maturing compound interest notes.

Last Presidential Levee.

The last Presidential levee of the season took place to-night. The attendance was so large that at times it was impossible to get out or in the Executive Mansion. The President, for nearly four hours, shook hands with the throng that passed him.

The City Crowded.

The rush of strangers was so great to day that every leading hotel was unable to accommodate them.

WASHINGTON, February 22, 1867.

THE GREENBACK BILL.

The Senate Finance Committee will undoubtedly report against the House $100,000,000 greenback bill.

GEORGETOWN ELECTION.

The Georgetown municipal election takes place next Monday, and in consequence of the number of newly enfranchised citizens, who will for the first time exercise the right to vote, the chief of police is taking the proper measures for the maintenance of order.

THE BOUNTY BILL.

A number of Western soldiers and sailors, at a meeting last night, passed resolutions urging the Senate to put the Schenck bounty bill on its passage, and appointed a committee to call upon Senators in furtherance of their views.

SURRATT VISITED BY HIS SISTER.

Miss Annie Surratt visited the jail last evening and had an interview with her brother.

RECONSTRUCTION BILL TO BE VETOED.

The most earnest supporters of the Reconstruction bill have ascertained that the President will veto the bill on Monday or Tuesday, thus affording an opportunity for Congress to take action upon the measure.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

Washington's birthday was observed by the suspension of business, closing of the Executive Departments, and displays of flags.

THE SHENANDOAH.

The United States steamer Shenandoah arrived at Singapore on January 1st. She sails on the 8th or 10th for Hong Kong. She had a fine reception at all points touched at in the East Indies.

NATIONAL MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

The National Monument Association met and re-elected the old officers to-day,—Andrew Johnson, President; Mayor Wallach, General Grant and Peter Force, Vice Presidents; J. C. Brent, Secretary; J. H. B. Smith, Treasurer.

GEN. SICKLES.

General Sickles is here, on his way to resume command in South Carolina.

PUBLIC RECEPTION.

This evening the public reception by the President was largely attended. It was the last of the season.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Appeal to Congress for the Suffering Poor of the South.

ST. LOUIS, February 22.—A committee on behalf of the St. Louis Board of Trade, consisting of James E. Yeatman, George Partridge and A. G. Braun, have issued a memorial to Congress on the subject of relief to the South. After setting forth the condition of the southern planter, the distress of the people generally, in consequence of the failure of the cotton and corn crops, and the importance to the nation of a good cotton crop, the committee urge Congress to make an appropriation of from fifty to one hundred millions of dollars, or limited as to the amount only by the necessities and wants of the suffering districts, for the purpose of supplying with provisions all who are engaged in producing cotton, and who are unable to procure provisions in any other way, the cost of supplies so furnished to be a lien on the crops, and to be paid for out of the first proceeds of sales of cotton; the provisions to be purchased by the Commissary Department of the army, and distributed through the Freedmen's Bureau, or officers of the army; the advances thus made to be collected through the agents of the Government for collecting revenue tax on cotton, with proper checks and balances, such as can readily be established between the War and Treasury Departments. A system can be put in operation to continue for one session, which will afford perfect security to the Government, and which will give the desired relief. The committee claim that this plan will not only relieve the Government of the threatened necessity of feeding destitute as an act of charity, but will fully employ the labor in the country, and prevent a famine in the land.

McCaw's grocery, on Broadway, between Washington and Carr streets, and two small stores adjoining, were burned this morning. Loss about $30,000; insured for $25,000.

FROM PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Congressional and State Nominations.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., February 22.—The National Union Congressional Convention renominated Thomas A. Jenckes in the First District and Nathan F. Dixon in the Second District.

The National Union State Convention unanimously renominated General Burnside for Governor, and William Greene for Lieutenant Governor. Colonel Willard Sails was nominated for Attorney General; John R. Bartlett, Secretary of State; George W. Lew, General Treasurer.

President Johnson has commuted to imprisonment for life the sentence of Robert Crowe, who was to have been hanged last Friday for murder on the high seas.

BY THE CABLE

Austria Favors Evacuation of Servia

Count Von Bismarck Recovering.

Greek Loan to be Put on Market

Rising of Peasants in Austria

Large Number of Arrests Made.

Servia.

VIENNA, February 22.—Baron Von Beust, Minister of State of the Austrian Empire, says Austria is in favor of the evacuation of Servia by Turkish forces. So far as Cretan affairs are concerned, the Baron says it is the policy of the government to avoid the question entirely.

Bismarck Recovering.

BERLIN, February 22.—Count Von Bismarck is much better. It is now thought that he will recover.

Greek Loan.

LONDON, February 22.—It is proposed to put a Greek loan on the market.

Postal Service.

LONDON, February 22,—The English Government promises to issue a blue book giving a complete account of the postal service between Great Britain and the United States,

Rising of Peasants.

BERLIN, February 22.—Intelligence is received from Vienna that serious apprehensions are entertained there of a rising of the peasants in the Austrian provinces on the Danube. A large number of arrests have been made by the Government authorities.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, February 22.—The Brokers' Circular reports the sales of cotton for the week to be 57,000 bales. The market generally is dull and inactive. Prices declined and open to-day dull. All qualities have declined ¼ since yesterday. Middling Uplands 13¾ d.

LIVERPOOL, February 22, Evening.—Cotton market heavy; prices materially declined; sales 8,000 bales; prices close for middling uplands at 13½d; Orleans, 14¼d.

The Manchester market for breadstuffs is very heavy. Corn declined to 37s 9d per quarter for mixed Western. Barley is quoted at 4s 6d per 60 lbs. American wheat 11s 3d for California.

Provisions firm. Lard considerably advanced, and closed at 51s per cwt for American.

Produce—Refined petroleum firmer but unchanged. Rosin 9s 8d per cwt for common. Linseed oil 37s 10d. Spirits turpentine 37s 6d for American.

London Money Market.

LONDON, February 22.—Consols declined to 90¾; Erie, 37½; Illinois Central, 77½; 5-20's, 73¾.

LONDON, February 22, evening.—Consols for money 90¾. Erie, 37½; Illinois Central, 77¼; 5 20s, 73½.

Paris Money Market.

PARIS, February 22, evening.—United States bonds 82½.

Frankfort Money Market.

FRANKFORT, February 22, Evening.—United States bonds at 77.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, February 22, 1867.

SENATE.

The Chair submitted resolutions of the Rhode Island Legislature ratifying the Constitutional Amendment.

On motion of Mr. HOWARD, the Committee on the Pacific Railroad were discharged from the further consideration of resolutions of the Kansas Legislature asking aid for the Southern branch of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Mr. HOWARD presented resolutions of the Wisconsin Legislature certifying to the ratification by that body of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution.

Mr. CHANDLER, from the Committee on Commerce, reported back the House bill for repairs, preservation and completion of public works, with amendments, prominent among which is one striking out the appropriation of one million for the improvement of Des Moines rapids, of the Mississippi river, and another striking out the appropriation of $75,000 for the improvement of the harbor at Michigan City.

Mr. McDOUGALL presented the credentials of Senator Cole, of California, for six years from March 4th. Ordered to be filed.

Mr. POMEROY called up the joint resolution to extend to the State of Tennessee the benefits of the act donating public lands in several States for the establishment of Agricultural Colleges. The proviso adopted in the House to prohibit any person who ever held office under the rebel government from holding a professorship in the college was stricken out and the bill passed.

The bill in relation to the Indian Bureau was taken up.

Mr. DOOLITTLE and others opposed the House amendment, which was agreed to, and a Committee of Conference ordered.

The Senate also agreed to a Committee of Conference on the Legislative Appropriation bill.

A similar course was taken on the Military Academy and Diplomatic Appropriation bills.

A bill was passed directing the Postmaster General to advertise for proposals for monthly steamship service between San Francisco and Honolulu, the cost not to exceed $100,000 per annum.

On motion of Mr. SUMNER, the joint resolution supplementary to that for representation of the United States at the Paris Exposition, was considered and passed. It appropriates $93,000 in addition to the $156,000 previously appropriated.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. STEVENS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back with amendments the Senate amendments to the civil appropriation bill, and the House proceeded to consider them. The Senate amendments striking out appropriations for the *Congressional Globe* were, on recommendation of the Committee, non-concurred in. The amendment of the Senate to make an appropriation of $40,000 to facilitate telegraphic communication between the Atlantic and Pacific was concurred in. The other amendments were forty eight in number, and unimportant in character.

Mr. LEBLOND moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate amendment in regard to Portugal was non concurred. The motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The House considered the Senate bill for the relief of contractors for building iron clads in the navy, and considered the substitute submitted by Mr. Sloan, which was agreed to, and the bill passed.

The Committee of Ways and Means were requested to examine into the expediency of bringing in a bill to establish a National School of Science.

Mr. ALLISON, from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes on the bill to suspend temporarily the collection of direct taxes in West Virginia, made a report, which was agreed to.

Mr. STEVENS from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the Senate amendments to the military academy bill. The Senate amendment striking out the proviso that no money shall be expended in violation of the test oath, and no cadets be admitted from rebel States, was non-concurred in. The other amendments, which were unimportant, were concurred in.

Mr. STEVENS, from the same Committee, reported back the Senate amendments to the consular appropriation bill. The Senate amendment making appropriation for the Portugal mission was non-concurred in. The other amendments were concurred in.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the tax bill.

An amendment was adopted that after the first of September, 1867, no tax shall be levied on cotton grown in the United States.

The amendment relieving fire insurance companies from the tax of one and a half per cent. on gross receipts for one year was debated, and lost.

A large number of articles was added to the free list.

The Committe rose, a motion to suspend the rules so as to close debate was lost. A motion was adopted that the debate on the pending section be closed in one minute.

The House again went into Committee on the tax bill.

The amendments offered to the income tax were lost, and the income tax remains at five per cent. on all in excess of $1,000.

Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

Senate bill to amend the act for the safety of passengers on board steam vessels, was passed.

Mr. ANCONA, from the Committee on Commerce, on the bill in relation to drafted men, made a report recommending that the Senate recede from its amendment. Agreed to.

Mr. PIKE, from the Select Committee on the murder of Union soldiers in South Carolina, made a report with leave to Mr. COOPER to present the views of the minority. Report ordered printed.

The House considered the bill from the Judiciary Committee to declare valid and conclusive certain proclamations of the President, and acts done in pursuance thereof, in suppression of the rebellion.

Mr. PIKE moved to extend the limit to December 1, 1866, instead of 1865. Adopted.

In answer to Mr. ELDRIDGE, Mr. WILSON said the purpose of the bill was to prevent civil courts from interfering with jurisdiction in proceedings of military courts.

It was finally arranged that the bill come up to-morrow under the operation of the previous question, some time being allowed for debate.

The House, in committee, resumed the consideration of the tax bill. No material amendment was made to any of the voluminous clauses referring to the income tax. The committee came to the thirteenth section, imposing a tax of $2 per gallon on distilled spirits.

Mr. FARQUHAR moved an amendment providing that the act should not be construed as prohibiting the continuous redistillation of whisky by distillers.

After debate the amendment was rejected.

Mr. MAYNARD offered an amendment that the tax shall not be collected from spirits manufactured in Tennessee and consumed prior to August, 1866, which was rejected.

Mr. BUCKLAND moved to reduce the tax on spirits from $2 to 50c per gallon. Rejected.

In the discussion on the whisky frauds, Mr. ALLISON attributed much of these frauds to the appointment of unfit persons by the Secretary of the Treasury, not of his own choice, but in obedience to the will of the President.

Mr. CONKLING suggested that if the Secretary had not manhood to resist the appointment of unfit persons, he should be held responsible for frauds committed.

Mr. PAINE asked Mr. Allison whether he knew a single instance of the Secretary appointing an improper person an inspectors or by the President.

Mr. ALLISON replie that he knew of a great many who were totally unfit appointed to positions.

Mr. WILSON mentioned the case of the inspector of his District, to whose unfitness for the position he had called the attention of the Secretary four weeks ago, and who still held the office. As a general rule the most unfit persons were selected.

On motion of Mr. McKEE, the Twenty third section was amended by making the salary of Inspectors of distilleries payable by the United States.

The last hours of the session were occupied in rapid reading by the Clerk of the several sections establishing rules in reference to distilled spirits. The reading of the bill completed, but it was still left in Committee in order to admit the offering of amendments to-morrow.

The House at 11:15 adjourned.

HARRISBURG.

The Impartial Jury Bill.

Law of Evidence Amended.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

HARRISBURG, February 22, 1867.

The following public bills were disposed of by the House Thursday afternoon:

The law to provide for impartial selection of jurors was amended by striking out Philadelphia, and then passed.

Act relating to law of evidence, to allow persons interested to testify, was passed.

Act protecting the wives and children of husbands and fathers who had deserted them was considered and passed.

The act relating to the law of evidence, as passed, reads as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That on the trial of any issue joined, or of any matter or question, or in any matter arising in any suit, action or other civil proceeding, in any court of justice in this Commonwealth, or before any person having by law or by consent of parties authority to hear, receive and examine evidence to parties thereto, and the persons in whose behalf any such action or other proceeding may be brought or defended, and any and all persons interested in the same, shall, except as hereinafter excepted, be competent to give evidence *viva voce* on behalf of either or any of the parties to the said action or other proceeding, and by deposition in questions where by the practice of the court the evidence on such question is required to be made by deposition: *Provided,* That nothing herein contained shall render any husband competent to give evidence for or against his wife, or any wife competent to give evidence for or against her husband, nor shall any husband be competent to disclose any communication made to him by his wife during the marriage, nor shall any wife be competent to disclose any communication made to her by her husband during the marriage. *And provided further,* That if either of the parties to the original cause, or owners of the subject matter of the action, shall have died, either before or after suit brought, whereby he, she or they, who prosecute or defend the same, do so as legal representatives, heirs-at-law, or purchasers or assignees, of the right of such deceased owner, the rules of evidence shall not be affected by this act, but remain as heretofore.

SEC. 2. The testimony of the parties to any civil action or proceeding authorized to testify by the provisions of the act of the twenty-seventh of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty five, shall not be conclusive, but the party calling for such examination may rebut it by other testimony.

SEC. 3. That the act entitled an act relative to the admission of parties to judicial proceedings as witnesses in certain cases, approved the twenty-seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Increase of Pennsylvania Railroad Stock—The Allegheny Liquor Bill—Important to New Corporations—Worthy Senators—Poisoning Streams in Allegheny County—The Connellsville Bill.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

HARRISBURG, February 20, 1867.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD STOCK.

The friends of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company did not call up the bill to increase their capital stock, for the reason that I suppose they were not ready. Judging from the earnestness with which they endeavored on last Tuesday, and then again on Friday, to put the bill through, the supposition was that they would have it taken up and passed.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY LIQUOR BILL.

Mr. Colville moved to discharge the Committee on Vice and Immorality (to which was referred "Peter's Liquor Bill,") from the further consideration of the same, which motion was carried without a division. Mr. Colville again attempted to consider the bill, but could not suspend the rules, a division of the question being called for; and in cases of this kind, whatever may be the feeling of the House on the question, they seldom suspend the rules. So the bill will be on private calender next Tuesday, and if not objected off will be considered on that day.

ACTS OF INCORPORATION.

It is of interest to the people to know that where the Courts have jurisdiction in cases incorporating certain companies, there is no use in sending such acts for the Legislature to pass, as the Governor will veto them. Speaker Hall, of the Senate, has ruled such bills out of order. In the House a great many such bills have passed, members knowing that they were unconstitutional, but in deference to the wishes of their constituents, they have presented them, and there being no objection they passed and were vetoed, as I said before, by the Governor. These vetoes are under the amendments to the Constitution, passed by the Legislature in 1863, and adopted by the people the same year. The following is the amendment:

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers or privileges in any case where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the Courts of this Commonwealth.

The powers of the Courts in this case are as follows: When any number of persons, citizens of this Commonwealth, are associated, or mean to associate, for any literary, charitable or religious purpose, or for the purpose of forming any fire engine or hose company, or beneficial society or association, and shall be desirous to acquire and enjoy the powers and immunities of a corporation or body politic in law, it shall and may be lawful for such persons to prepare an instrument in writing, therein specifying the objects, articles, conditions and name, style or title by which they have associated, or mean to associate, and the same to exhibit and present to the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county in which said corporation is intended to be situated, or its principal business transacted; which said Court is hereby required to peruse and examine said instruments, and if the objects, articles and conditions therein set forth and contained shall appear lawful and not injurious to the community, said Court shall direct said writing to be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court; and also direct notice to be inserted in one newspaper, printed in the proper county, for at least three weeks, setting forth that an application has been made to said court to grant such charter of incorporation, and if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary at the next term thereafter, to decree and declare by their order indorsed on said instrument, attested in the usual manner by the Prothonotary under the seal of said Court, that the persons so associated shall, according to the articles and conditions in said instrument set forth and contained, become and be a body politic, &c."

By the above, people having acts of incorporation of this kind can see they are only adding additional expense to the State without any benefit to themselves.

CONSCIENTIOUS SENATORS.

In your just strictures upon the acts of the present Legislature in its conduct in the matter of the Connellsville charter, their should be exception made as far as the Senators from the Western part of the State are concerned. Although in the minority, they have throughout acted for the best interests of their constituents and the honor of the Commonwealth. All honor should be done them, and especially Senators Billingfelt, of Lancaster, and Coleman, of Lebanon, who, having no local interest in the passage of the act, manfully stood up to restore to the people of Western Pennsylvania their rights, and rescue the fair fame of the old Commonwealth from the degredation into which it has fallen. I say this in relation to the Senators who have stood by justice and right, because there might be thoughtless persons who would hold the honest minority to account for acts which they could not prevent. There never was a measure, however unjust it might be, that its advocates could not say something in its favor, but in the discussion which was elicited on the question of restoring the Connellsville charter, the opponents of that measure gave no reason for their action. As Senator Bigham said, they had counted noses, and feeling confident they had the vote, they sat in sullen silence awaiting to again degrade Pennsylvania. General Harvy White, Senator from Indiana, made one of the finest legal arguments in favor of the act to restore the charter it has been the good fortune of the Senate to listen to for many a session. He was warmly congratulated by the friends of the measure, among whom were some of the best lawyers in the State. His speech should be in the hands of every person in the State.

POISONING STREAMS IN ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Mr. McKee presented the following act, which is of great importance to the citizens of Allegheny county:

An act to prevent the throwing of any noxious or poisonous matter into any of the running streams of Allegheny county, and for the preservation of health in the same.

SECTION 1. Any person throwing, casting or placing in any spring, well or running water in the courts of Allegheny, any acids, benzine or other hurtful or deleterious or poisonous substances or refuse matter, or wilfully or negligently permitting the same to escape into or to be carried therein in any way, shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not more than three hundred dollars and be imprisoned not less than thirty days, and not more than six months.

SECTION 2. The carrying on or the prosecution of any noxious or unwholesome trade or business, prejudicial to health is hereby forbidden within the corporate limits of any municipality within said county of Allegheny, and any person convicted of a violation of this section, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than three hundred dollars for the first offense, and upon second offense be imprisoned not less than three months and not more than one year.

This bill has been referred to the Local Judiciary Committee.

THE JURY BILL.

The General Jury Bill has been considered in Committee of the Whole, and then postponed for the present.

THE CONNELLSVILLE BILL.

The Connellsville bill will not possibly come up this week. It is impossible to predict what will be its fate in the House. Its friends are hopeful, and are working earnestly in its favor.

"Dancing," which heretofore commenced at 10 or 11 at night, has been begun in the new fashioned matinees at about 5 or 6 P. M., and kept up till 10 or 11 P. M.,—but in addition to this, the dancing at balls has gone on, as ever—and the belles often after dancing at a matinee, from 5 to 10 P. M., drive off to a ball, to renew their dancing till 2 or 3 A. M. The sooner we stop calling these athletic young persons "delicate creatures" and "the weaker sex," the better. They train into better condition and have far more endurance than the hapless beings in swallow tailed coats and immaculate cravats whom they victimize into terpsichoric partnership.

Warburton, who had a prize fight with a Folster the other day, has been arrested and required to give bail to stand his trial. The statute provides that any person participating in a prize fight within the State limits shall be sent to the State prison for not more than five years, and those who are merely spectators are liable to two years' imprisonment.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

The South Carolina Murders.

Report of the Special Committee.

Military Protection the Only Remedy.

WASHINGTON, February 22, 1867.

The report of the special committee on the massacre of Union soldiers in South Carolina and release of the persons convicted thereof, states that the names of the murdered men were Corlett and privates Emer Smith and Mason Brown, First battalion Maine volunteers. The committee give a circumstantial account of the tragedy, and add that no special cause was assigned at the trial for this cold-blooded murder. The young men assassinated had been stationed at Anderson about two months, and the resolutions of the public meeting held at Anderson two days after the murder certify to their good conduct. While there their only offense seems to have been the wearing the uniform of the republic and obeying the orders of their superior officers. Of those committing the murder, the Keys family seems to have been one of the most prominent in Anderson, and Slowers was a man of sufficient consideration to have been at one time a member of the Georgia Senate. This assassination was committed while General Gilmore was in charge at Charleston, and General Sickles states that when he took command Gen. Gilmore called his attention to this case as one of great atrocity, and one which the interest of the service, in his estimation, required a thorough investigation. A military commission was convened by Gen. Sickles, and proceeded to try those charged with the murder, who were all arrested except Peter Keys and the person who was not recognized by Bryant and Howell. A long and thorough examination of witnesses was made, occupying thirty days. The defense was skillfully managed. An *alibi* was attempted to be proved on the part of Slowers by negroes, who first testified to this fact, but subsequently changed their testimony and swore they had been trained by Slowers to make their previous statements. It was attempted to shake the testimony of Howell and Bryant in various ways, but after a diligent comparison of the statements, counsel found the facts as we have already detailed them. The evidence is spread over many hundred pages of record, and it amply sustaines the conclusion at which the court averred. The Commission found the two Keyes, Slowers and Bryant guilty, and sentenced them to be hung. The sentence was approved by Gen. Sickles as to the elder Keys and Slowers, but on account of their age and being under the influence of their associates, sentence was commuted in the cases of the younger Keys and Bryant to imprisonment for life. The case was immediately presented to the President, and applications made for pardons for transfer to military tribunals. Letters from several leading men of the South, such as Alexander H. Stephens, Gov. Orr and H. V. Johnson, appear among the papers laid before the President, and with others we noticed a petition insisting upon it that the President's avowed policy led the petitioners to ask with confidence his interposition in behalf of the culprits. Hon. O. H. Browning, now Secretary of the Interior, for a fee of one thousand dollars, made an argument to the President in behalf of the persons, and argued that they be brought within range of a writ of habeas corpus in a Northern Court. Numerous petitions and letters urged the President to direct the officers having the prisoners in charge to respond to a writ of habeas corpus, upon the expectation that the Courts, after the decision in the Mulligan case, would declare the trial without authority of law. These papers were all referred by the President to the Judge Advocate General.

Subsequently a writ of habeas corpus was issued from the United States District Court for South Carolina, by Judge Bryan, but General Sickles declined to respond. An attachment for contempt followed, but General Sickles declined to obey it, and his conduct was approved by the Secretary of War. On the 23d of July, subsequent to all these occurrences, the President ordered that sentences to be hanged be commuted in all four cases to imprisonment for life at the Tortugas. This order was immediately executed, but on the 31st of July the President directed the prisoners transferred to Fort Delaware. The Secretary of War, in his testimony, gives the reasons for this transfer. Considerable delay occurred in the transfer, but when the prisoners did arrive there, Colonel Howard, who was in command of the fort, was served with a writ of *habeas corpus* from the United States Court of Delaware, Judge Hall. Colonel Howard was directed by the War Department to respond to the writ. A hearing was had before Judge Hall, and the prisoners were discharged. The reasons for this extraordinary procedure upon the part of the venerable Judge are set forth in his opinion. He claims to have judicial knowledge that the rebellion was suppressed, and peace restored in June, 1861 and further that the civil courts of South Carolina were open for the administration of justice at the time of the arrest and trial of these murderers; but General Sickles states that at this time there were no civil courts in South Carolina that could have tried them; neither the United States District or Circuit Court, or State courts were opened. Steps were in progress to that end, but they had not been consummated.

It is not within the scope of this report to review the legal grounds upon which the opinion is based. Its assumptions are still more offensive, if possible, than those of the court in the Mulligan case. It is quite clear it does not tend to the furtherance of the ends of justice to have the fruits of a trial so fairly conducted as this appears to have been frittered away by the opinion of a single Judge in a distant section of the country.

The Committee call attention to the report of General Sickles, in the Eagan case, and the statement in his testimony of the ground of his action. It is not difficult to decide between him and Judge Hall. The vigorous comments of the Secretary of War upon the Mulligan case apply with full force to the decision of Judge Hall. The assassins then discharged returned to their homes, where they are still at large, and no attempt has been made to bring them to trial by the civil courts. It is a striking commentary on the state of society, that while according to the testimony of Surgeon Pillsbury, no doubt appears to have been entertained in the minds of that community of the guilt of at least two persons discharged, they were received by the inhabitants of the town with congratulations which ended in a general drunk.

The testimony of Generals Schofield, Sickles, Baird and Wood exhibits the following propositions: First, that for the punishment of crime in their departments the courts cannot be relied on where soldiers, Union men or freed men are concerned. Justice is practically denied, and offenses of a grave character against them go unpunished, neither magistrates nor jurors being disposed to discharge their duties in this respect. Second, that up to this time there has been no change for the better, but rather for the worse. Third, that unless Gubernatorial justice is done to the laboring class hereafter, and to Union men and Northern men who desire to go there to engage in business enterprises, no improvement in State affairs can reasonably be expected. Under such circumstances it would seem conclusively established that the best material interests of the country, as well as the highest considerations of humanity, call for the intervention of the authority of the general government as the only practical mode in which it can be extended, and that is through the military force. It is of the first importance that ordinary justice shall be administered; the whole superstructure of Government must rest on that. The violent political and social convulsions through which the country has passed can be composed in time, and parties and races live together in peace and prosperity, if meantime there is wisdom and strength sufficient in the Government to take care that all are fairly dealt with, and crime punished with reasonable certainty and impartiality.

In order to compass this desirable end, the military forces should be auxiliary. In the language of General Thomas, there should be established some supervising authority in these States, with power to advise and insist on impartial administration of justice, accompanied by sufficient force to induce the people to feel that authority is sufficient to inforce its advice and instructions. The Government of the country should in this way be placed temporarily in the hands of men whose eminent services during the war are sufficient guarantee that it will not be abused. Such government should of course only be continued as long as necessary. Whenever life and property can be safely trusted to local government, all external coercion should cease, and meantime it cannot reasonably be supposed there will be much need of forcible interriation. It will ordinarily be enough to know that such power exists, and will be exercised if necessary.

As the House has so recently passed upon a measure of the kind indicated, it is not worth while to enter into further details, but only to say that in the judgment of the committee the testimony herewith presented fully sustains the necessity for resort to such extraordinary means, and without the adoption of some such legislation, the day of restoration of peace and prosperity in these unhappy States is greatly, if not indefinitely, postponed. The report was signed by Representatives Pike, Farnsworth and other members of the committee. Mr. Cooper will early next week make a minority report.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

NEW YORK, February 22, 1867.

AUSTRALIA.

Australian dates to the 8th of January are received. A ship from London was burned in the harbor of Sydney by the action of chemicals in the cargo. The Captain and crew of a trading schooner were murdered by natives at New Hebrides, and the vessel plundered. Eleven ships arrived from California with breadstuffs and lumber. A ship is loading with wool for New York. American goods were in good supply.

REVOLUTION IN CANEA ENDED.

Panama dates of the 12th state that the attempted revolution in Canea was squelched by killing several insurgents.

MATERIALS FOR COUNTERFEITING CAPTURED.

A valuable press, two plates of twenty five cent currency, a thousand sheets of bank note paper, tools, ink in quantity counterfeit money, &c., were seized last night by a treasury detective in Bleeker street. No arrests.

DEATH.

Daniel Devlin, many years City Chamberlain, died this morning.

ARRIVAL.

The steamer City of Washington, from Liverpool on the 6th, arrived.

DAMAGED BY FIRE.

Grover & Baker's sewing machine depot on Broadway, near the corner of Broome, was damaged by fire this evening.

TRIAL TRIP.

The ram Dunderberg made a trip down the harbor to day to test her steering gear.

STATE LEGISLATURES.

Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., February 22.—In the House to-day a joint resolution was adopted to adjourn on Thursday next.

Kansas

TOPEKA, February 22.—The appropriation bill, which passed the Kansas Legislature, provides for the resumption and settlement of claims growing out of Price's raid and the Indian expedition of 1864.

Heavy Failure.

NEW ORLEANS, February 22.—A letter from Matamoras reports the failure of Cosme de La Forreto, a wealthy planter and merchant. Liabilities, $7 000 000.

Admiral Tegethoff at Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, January 22.—Admiral Tegethoff visited the Fortress and flag-ship Susquehanna to-day.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Republican State Convention—Governor Brownlow Renominated—Gen. Thomas Nominated for President.

NASHVILLE, February 22.—In the Republican State Convention. Mr. Wisner presided. Gov. Brownlow was nominated for re-election by acclamation, and responded in a characteristic speech. Resolutions were adopted setting forth the principles of the party, approving the administration of Gov. Brownlow, and sustaining the Federal Congress. Resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted that the people of Tennessee, looking upon General G. H. Thomas as their adopted son, and savior of their State Capital from the hands of traitors, and as the man who never made a mistake and never lost a battle; therefore,

Resolved, That he is the choice of Tennessee for the next President of the United States.

Three cheers were given with enthusiasm for General Thomas. Speakers addressed the convention afternoon and night.

Workingmen's Convention.

NEW HAVEN, February 22.—Three hundred delegates from sixty Workingmen's Unions, held a convention to-day, but failed to even organize, their time being used in confused and rambling debates.

NEW HAVEN, February 22.—The Workingmen's Convention resolved, after a stormy session, to make no nominations for State officers. They passed resolutions favoring the eight-hour system.

Lawrence and Galveston Railroad.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, February 22.—Iron has been purchased for the first twenty-four miles of the Lawrence and Galveston Railroad south of Lawrence. New York and Chicago capitalists promise to push the work vigorously.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Advices from Rio Janeiro state that large numbers of Americans lately emigrated there, are forced to beg their living, as they can get no employment.

The *Herald's* City of Mexico correspondent says: On the evacuation of the capital by the French, Marquese declared martial law. The United States Consul inquired of him if some of the provisions of his proclamation, which were more than usually strict, applied to American citizens, but received no answer.

The *Tribune's* special says: Those who think the impeachment matter will die in the hands of the Committee will be startled when the Committee reports. Parties are in Washington to testify to the restoration of plantations seized as abandoned property by pardoned rebels by President Johnson, at a time when the crops belonged to the lessees, thus ignoring contracts, and inflicting great losses upon Union men.

A New York dispatch of yesterday says: A case of considerable interest to wool importers was decided in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, before Judge Smalley. The suit was brought to recover ten thousand dollars excess of duty paid on an importation of wool from Buenos Ayres. The purchase price was less than twelve cents, which made it liable to three cents a pound duty. The appraisers, by some computation of the exchange value of money in the two countries, added to the invoice price, making it over twelve cents, and imposing accordingly a tax of six cents on the pound. It was to recover the excess the action was brought. Verdict for the plaintiff.

A Philadelphia dispatch of yesterday says: The parade ordered for to-day has been postponed on account of the slush. The soldiers of 1812 met at noon and passed appropriate resolutions, adjourning to a banquet. The chair of John Hancock, and the Declaration table were presented by Speaker Hall and received by Mayor McMichael and placed in Independence Hall this morning.

The steamer Rising Star, with California dates to the 30th, has arrived at New York. She brings nearly a million in treasure. Among her passengers is Senator Nye, of Nevada.

New Episcopal Diocese.

The Episcopal Convention at Reading continued its session on the 20th inst. A sermon was preached by the Rev. J. Isador Mombert, D. D., Rector of St. James Church, Lancaster, after which a communion service was celebrated, and the Convocation proceeded to business. Resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted declaring that a division of the diocese was desirable at this time, and pledging the Congress to support the new diocese, and favoring a division of the present diocese in such a manner as to include in the new diocese the district outside of the counties of Philadelphia, Montgomery, Bucks, Chester and Delaware.

An evening session was held in relation to the subject of Mission, at which several addresses were made, and the Congress then adjourned to meet on the 21st of May in St. Stephen's Church, Philadelphia.

King John, of Saxony, is endeavoring to reconcile the Emperor of Austria to King William, and the negotiations, so far, have not been successful. The consequence will be an offensive and defensive alliance between Austria and Prussia. This game of European politics is a very puzzling and intricate one. New combinations, fresh intrigues and unexpected developments are turning up every day. There will be no satisfactory settlement of the matter without a general war.

At a large railroad meeting held at Bellefonte, lately, Moses Thompson presiding, at which Dr. S. Maclay gave a statement of the condition of the Mifflin and Centre Railroad Co., and a committee also made a report advocating its construction to Bellefonte. Committees were appointed to procure subscriptions, and a resolution adopted making them binding when $450 000 are put down.

It is rumored in England that another rebellion threatens to break out in India, and that its leaders await movements in Europe which are expected to involve England in order that their design may be carried out against the least possible military opposition. It would be a strange thing to see the Fenians and the Sepoys acting in concert against their common enemy.

A late letter from Rome says: "Now that the departure of the French has been fully completed, things are returning to their old ways in Rome. The streets are becoming more and more insecure; the police more and more inefficient, and one hears daily of new outrages on life and property."

CITY MATTERS.

THE ST. LOUIS RIVER CONVENTION.—A meeting will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms this morning at ten o'clock, to hear the report of the committee in attendance at the recent River Improvement Convention in St. Louis.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Allegheny County Teachers' Association will be held this morning at ten o'clock, in the Excelsior Institute Hall, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets. Rev. W. B. Watkins will finish his lecture on the "Elements of the Anglo-Saxon in American Society."

ARRESTED ON A BAIL PIECE.—Edward Scott, charged with the larceny of a suit of clothes, and who gave three hundred dollars bail for trial, was arrested yesterday by officer J. N. Jarrett, on a bail piece issued by Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, and committed to jail.

DEATH OF A POLICE OFFICER.—Mr. George Culp, a well known police officer of this city, died yesterday morning about six o'clock at his residence, on Second street, of a disease of the heart. Mr. Culp had been ill since Sunday, but no fears were entertained until a few hours before his death. He leaves a wife and three children to mourn his loss.

FLEMING'S Drug Store, corner Market and the Diamond, continues to supply every demand in the way of carefully prepared prescriptions, wines and liquors especially for invalids, cosmetics and fancy articles in endless variety. The proprietor has a choice supply left of the incomparable Monongahela Whisky, which has attracted the attention of the best judges.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—James Leech made an information last evening before Mayor McCarthy, charging one Wm. H. Hoover with highway robbery. Mr. Leech alleges that on Monday night last, while crossing the Monongahela bridge, Hoover approached him from behind, and seizing a vest which he had under his arm, decamped. Hoover was arrested and placed in the lock-up for a hearing.

FIVE YEARS IN USE.—In all the qualities which constitute excellence I consider the parlor organs of Carhart & Needham as pre-eminent. Their tone is of a highly musical and sympathetic quality, and the mechanical arrangement of their new improved combination swell a great blessing to inexperienced players. I have been using one of these instruments for five years. JAMES DIGBY.

The Carhart & Needham Organs can be found in splendid variety at H. Kleber & Bro.'s, 122 Wood street.

CITY MORTALITY.—Dr. A. G. McCandless, Physician of the Board of Health, reports the number of interments in the city for the week ending February 17th, at twenty. The following were the causes of death: Typhoid Fever, two; Pulmonary Consumption, one; Gastro Enteritis, one; Inflammation of Lungs, two; Peritonitis, one; Dysentery, one; Still Born, three; Hydrocephalus, two; Convulsions, two; Typhus Cerebro Spinalus, one; Inflammation of Lungs, three; Whooping Cough, one. Of the above eight were adults, and twelve were children. Males, fifteen; Females, five, White, nineteen; Colored, one.

TEMPERANCE MEETINGS.—Pittsburgh Division No. 42, Sons of Temperance, intend holding a series of free temperance meetings during the coming week, in Mozart Hall, Seventh street, commencing on Monday evening, and continuing every evening during the week, except Thursday. The following gentlemen will address the meetings: Monday evening, Rev. Alex. Clark and C. W. McHenry, Esq.; Tuesday evening, Rev. E. B. Snyder and R. B. Parkinson, Esq.; Wednesday evening, Wm. Little, Esq., and D. O. N. Johnson, Esq.; Friday evening, Rev. S. F. Scovel and Col. Thomas M. Bayne; Saturday evening, Rev. Herrick Johnson and John H. Ebbert, Esq.

A LAWYER'S OPINION ON PIANOS.—My daughter is highly pleased with the Mixsell we purchased of you. A number of musicians have played on it and they all unite in saying that it is a very sweet toned instrument and quite equal to most of the higher priced pianos in town. If an opportunity offers it will afford me pleasure to recommend your Mixsell Pianos.
JAMES BOGGS,
Attorney at Law.
CLARION, April 3d, 1866.

A fine stock of the Mixsell Pianos just received. Price a little over $300. H. Kleber & Bro., 122 Wood street.

A Career of Crime—A Rascal Caged.

A man named John B. Coolley was convicted at the recent term of the Somerset County Court of horse stealing, and sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a period of four years and three months. While on his way to this city he became communicative, and gave the officer having him in charge a history of his eventful career. He stated that twelve or fifteen years ago he had been convicted in Kentucky of manslaughter and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years, but was reprieved, after five months' imprisonment. He afterward removed to Cleveland, embarked in the counterfeiting business, was detected passing spurious money, and sent to the Ohio Penitentiary for two years. In 1857 he visited this city, stole a horse, and, being arrested on suspicion, was tried and acquitted. Subsequently he hired two horses and a buggy from a livery stable keeper in Allegheny, and was making away with them, when he was apprehended and thrown into prison. The evidence against him being conclusive, he entered a plea of guilty, and was sentenced to seven years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. His term expired in October 1866, and after being released he managed to reach Altoona, where he engaged a public hall, and announced that he would give an exhibition, the principal attractions of which would be making chickens dance and rats sing. The hall was crowded, several hundred dollars having been received at the door for admission. After securing the money, he requested the doorkeeper to preserve order until he returned to his hotel for some articles he required, but leaving the hall he hastened to the tunnel on the Pennsylvania Railroad, where he hid himself for several days, being fearful of the vengeance of the enraged Altoonians. He soon disposed of his ill-gotten gains, and re-embarked in the horse stealing business, when he was apprehended and sentenced to the Penitentiary as above stated. Upon his arrival at that institution he was recognized by Dr. Campbell, the Warden, and at his own request was placed in the cell he formerly occupied. Coolley is a specious rascal, and should he live out his sentence, will doubtless return to his former disgraceful life of crime and wickedness.

Sad Occurrence—Father and Son Drowned.

On Thursday night a sad case of drowning occurred in the Monongahela river, at Stone's Upper Coal Works, about eighteen miles from this city. It appears that a skiff containing five persons, among whom were Mr. Samuel Alton and his son, Henry Alton, was being rowed across to the south side of the river. The current was very swift, owing to the recent rise in the river, and one of the parties in the skiff caught hold of the ice breaker of the coal-tipple, which projects into the river, to prevent the skiff from being drifted down the river. This caused the skiff to upset, and all the occupants were thrown into the water. Three succeeded in saving themselves by swimming ashore, but old Mr. Samuel Alton and his son Henry were both drowned before assistance arrived. The bodies had not been recovered yesterday, and it is probable that they have been drifted down the stream, the current being so strong. The deceased were both married, and leave families, who reside in the neighborhood of where the drowning occurred.

WE call attention to the meeting at Rev. Mr. Scovell's church to morrow evening. The subject is one of intense interest to the church of all denominations. The facts reported by these gentlemen show encouraging progress in the South, and their mode of Christian reconstruction has been publicly indorsed by men of the highest standing both in the church and State. We commend their appeal to the benevolence of our citizens.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Y. M. C. A.—The Young Men's Christian Association, hold their next monthly meeting this (Saturday) evening, in Dr. Howard's church. A full attendance is requested.

SOUTHERN EVANGELIZATION.—A Union meeting in behalf of the Sabbath School and Missionary efforts among the destitute whites and freedmen of the South, will be held at the First Presbyterian Church, Wood street, to morrow (Sunday) evening, at seven o'clock. Interesting addresses may be expected.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—The beautiful chapel, now about completed, in which this church expect to worship, until the erection of their main edifice, will be opened on Sabbath next, the 24th inst., with appropriate services, morning and evening. The Sabbath School anniversary is announced for two o'clock in the afternoon, when addresses and other interesting exercises will, we doubt not, make a very delightful occasion.

HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of the Pittsburgh Home Missionary Society will take place at Christ M. E. Church next Tuesday, the 26th inst. Rev. C. A. Holmes, D. D., will preside. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. W. A. Davidson, D. D., presiding elder of Washington District, and Rev. S. F. Jones, A. M., pastor of Liberty Street M. E. Church. The usual reports will be presented, and it is expected that the occasion will be one of great interest.

MANCHESTER M. E. CHURCH.—The series of meetings at the Manchester Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. Hollingshead, pastor, closed last Sabbath evening, with two hundred and twelve accessions, and two hundred and ninety one in all since Conference. Great religious interest still continues in the congregation. Workmen are now actively engaged in pushing to completion the main audience room of the new church, which is greatly needed by the overflowing congregation and Sabbath school.

AMES M. E. CHURCH.—The new church edifice of the Ames Chapel Congregation, Rev. W. F. Lauck, pastor, being erected on the corner of Third and Ferry streets, on the site of the old Third Presbyterian Church, is fast approaching completion, and will be ready for occupation in a few weeks. The property was deeded to the Methodist Episcopal Church at a value of twenty-five thousand dollars. It is yet but an unpretending edifice, needing and to receive hereafter, a second story. The building is fifty feet wide by seventy-two feet long, and the lower story is now almost completed. This congregation was organized in 1861, and now numbers about eighty members.

Advertisements on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only—*TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—COMPOSITORS—By BAKEWELL & MARTHENS, Printers, No. 71 Grant street.

WANTED—PARTNERSHIP—In an established business, manufacturing preferred; would invest from $3,000 to $10,000. Address L, Commercial office, for five days.

WANTED—BOARDERS—A few families can be accommodated with large pleasant Rooms, where there are a few pleasant Boarders. Also, a few Day Boarders, with first-class Board for the coming year. Apply at No. 89 Penn street.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM—On Penn street, near St. Clair, with or without board. References exchanged if desired. Address N. K., this office.

WANTED—LIVE MEN—To know that the American Fire and Burglar Alarm, in connection with the Traveler's Burglar Alarm, is the best selling and most money making invention of the age. What every one needs. Perfect security against fire and burglars. State and County Rights for sale. Call on or address C. W. NICKERSON & CO., No. 53 Wayne street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—PARTNER—To Tailors—A Partner with a capital of $1,000 or $2,000, in an established business. Address Box 24, Postoffice.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT—To Business Men—An experienced Accountant, engaged in one of the largest manufacturing establishments in the city, would engage a portion of his time (evenings) in the examination of Books, for the detection of errors, closing Books, &c., &c. Address Box 235, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young unmarried Man, as Gardener. Understands the business thoroughly; is not afraid of work. A permanent situation desirable. Address J. M., Commercial office.

WANTED—SITUATION—By an expert and correct Accountant. References and proof of ability furnished. Address WM. H. DU BARRE, care of Commercial Office, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—SITUATION—A Young Lady of good education would engage as Private Tutor or Governess in a religious family. Address J. L., care Lock Box 130, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID—A good Chambermaid to go a few miles into the country. Good references required. Address Box 493, Allegheny Postoffice.

WANTED—INFORMATION—As to the establishment in this neighborhood having in use the best application of a smoke-consuming apparatus. A party who is studying up this matter will be obliged for such information, addressed to J. M. B., care Commercial Office.

WANTED—A PARTNER—With Capital of $20,000, to engage in the Lumber and Saw Mill Business, now being established in an incorporation, adjoining the city. For said capital sufficient security will be given if desired. For further information apply at the office of G. S. BATES, Butler street, near Allen, Lawrenceville.

WANTED—FARMERS.—100 Farmers to engage in a business that will pay them from $100 to $150 per month from now until next Spring. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., 507 Minor street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—TO SELL—Billiard Table, Second size four pocket Billiard Table, nearly new and in good order. Will be sold at a bargain. Address JOHN GATES Box 256, Pittsburgh, or call at Brunswick Billiard Hall.

WANTED—PROPOSALS—From parties wishing to purchase or rent a good property in the suburbs on line of Pennsylvania Railroad, and close to a regular station. House is large and complete, and good piece of ground with it. Direct to S., 119 First street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—CAST SCRAP IRON.—Apply at Foundry, end of Upper Bridge, Birmingham, or at Office, corner Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh. LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS.

WANTED—SCRAP IRON—Wrought and Cast Scrap Iron, at highest cash prices, at corner Penn street and Cecils alley. MULLIN & MALONEY.

WANTED—BOARDING SCHOOL PROPERTY.—Mrs. GEO. CONANT, West Acton, Mass., who has had extensive experience in some of the best Schools in the East, is desirous of securing a good location in Pittsburgh or vicinity, where a Select Boarding School could be advantageously established. Persons owning or knowing of suitable property would confer an obligation by addressing her as above. A per centage of the first year's income would be paid as a bonus to any one procuring a suitable location.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and Female—Can clear $50 per week at their own home, in a light and honorable business. Any person having a few hours daily to spend will find this a good paying business. Address, sending stamp, for full particulars, E. E. LOCKWOOD, Detroit, Michigan.

WANTED—AGENTS—Agents wanted for "The History of the War between the States: Tracing its Origin, Causes and Results," by Hon. Alexander H. Stephens. And for the Life, Letters and Speeches of Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, by Henry Cleveland. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address, "National Publishing Company," 507 Minor street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AGENTS—$75 to $300 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce throughout the United States, the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—Five hundred clerks and others now out of employment in Pittsburgh, to know that Andrews' Gas Generator continues better than ever. Fortunes are made selling Rights and the Generator. It is the only thing of the kind that has real merit. Success is the standard. Come and see what agents are making. J. C. TILTON, No. 10½ St. Clair street.

WANTED--HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—A small House. Address A, this office.

WANTED TO RENT—A House of five rooms in Allegheny city. Address Box 11, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

WANTED—HOUSE—To purchase or Rent—A House containing six or eight rooms with modern improvements. Address, stating terms, J. C., Pittsburgh Postoffice Box 1,292.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE, with four or five Rooms. Address, stating terms, location, &c., E. A., this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOM—One Large Third Story Room of Warehouse 345 Liberty street. Inquire on premises.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—One Store Room with three lodging Rooms. No. 171 First street, two doors above Smithfield street. Inquire of Dr. M. COTE, 294 Penn street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—Dwelling Houses in Allegheny and Manchester. Inquire of S. A. JOHNSON, Attorney, 81 Diamond street, or WM CLAYTON, 37 Diamond alley.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—The large Warehouse, No. 73 Water street, at present occupied by Messrs. Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell & Co. Rent reasonable. Apply to BISSELL & CO., 235 Liberty street.

FOR RENT—WHOLESALE GROCERY STAND—The undersigned has put under contract a first-class Warehouse, 30 feet front on Second street, (adjoining J. S. Dilworth & Co.'s establishment,) which will be ready for occupancy about May 1, and is offered for rent. This is a rare opportunity for parties wishing to open a Wholesale Grocery, as the location is one of the best in the city. Apply to GEORGE H. ANDERSON, No. 189 Liberty street.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.—WAREHOUSES—The Warehouses now occupied by the United States Government, on Penn street, opposite the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, and Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad. These Warehouses, (two) each 40 by 110 feet, are very substantially built, with deep cellars fit for Wholesale Business of any kind or for the Iron business. The upper house has two excellent smoke houses attached, capable of hanging two hundred thousand pounds of bulk meat at one time. They can be rented separate or together, as desired. Inquire of F. SELLERS & CO., corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

FOR RENT.—ROOMS—Suitable for Physicians' Offices. Inquire at PARK & BRILL'S Drug Store, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR RENT—BUILDING—The whole or part of No. 64 Fourth street, at present occupied by S. S. Marvin as a Steam Cracker Bakery. The Store Room is admirably adapted for wholesale or large retail business; the upper stories for Halls or Offices. House, 29 feet front by 75 feet deep. JAS. T. BRADY & CO., Bankers, corner Fourth and Wood streets.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Two large commodious Floors, Second and Third Stories, 26x165 feet well adapted for wool business, or could be converted into a suit of Offices for an Insurance Co. Apply at 271 Liberty street. tf

FOR RENT—WAREROOM AND OFFICE—The Second Floor, with large Office, of No. 27 Wood street, now occupied by T. A. Evans & Co. Inquire of BECK, PHILLIPS & CO., 121 Second street.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—Second and third stories of Warehouse, No. 303 Liberty street, with offices and private entrance. Inquire on the premises. TTHS

FOR RENT—VACANT LOT—For Rent or Lease, a large Vacant Lot, near Marbury street, on Duquesne Way. Inquire of JOHN WAY, JR., Sewickleyville P. O. eod

FOR RENT—WHARF—To Oil Shippers and Dealers—A Large Wharf at the terminus of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, on the Schuylkill river, Philadelphia. This Wharf has a large front on the river, with twenty (20) feet deep of water and entirely shedded over; has also storehouses attached for storing large quantities of Oil or Merchandise; have been used as bonded warehouses for Petroleum. Will be rented in part or the whole, as desired. For further particulars address P. McGARRY & SON, Thirtieth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia. eod

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE—DWELLING—That very desirable two-story Brick Dwelling, containing 8 rooms and wash house, being No. 28 Cliff street. The house has hot and cold water, gas and range. The lot is 80 feet front on Cliff street by 147 feet; planted in shrubbery and trees; stable and carriage house. Possession April or May 1st. JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE—A two story Brick House, containing seven rooms, on Center avenue. For further particulars inquire of A. F. KEATING, No. 36 Third street.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—A new first-class house of ten rooms, Central street, Allegheny city, with bath room, wash house, water closets, &c. Location the very best. Will be sold on easy and favorable terms. Address "House," Box F, this office.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—No. 55 Colwell street, with 10 Rooms, 6 feet Halls, Gas and Water throughout. Wash house, large yard, with shade trees, all in first-rate order: Call at 215 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—DWELLING—At Salem, Ohio—That elegant Mansion and Grounds known as the "Phillips property," worth at present rate of labor and material $40,000, but can be bought for less than half its value. The house is of brick, 38 by 67 feet, rough cast finish, double walls, three stories high. First floor contains single and double Parlors, Library, Conservatory, Bow-window, &c., Dining Room, Kitchen, and Wash-house. Second floor, four large Chambers, Bath-room, and Water Closet. Third floor, four large Chambers. Gas, hot and cold water in all parts of the house. Large brick Stable and Green House, with all modern improvements. The Grounds, containing 2½ acres, are planted with all the rare and choice Shrubbery adapted to the climate. Also, Peach, Plum, Apple, Quince, Cherry, and Pear Trees, and all varieties of Grapes. Berries of all kinds in abundance. Call upon or address S. P. MORRISON, Salem, Ohio. TTHS

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—CHURCH PEW—Pew No. 65, in Middle Aisle of Trinity Church. JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOT—A desirable Building Lot, at Millvale Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, of 2½ Acres, within three minutes' walk of Millvale Station and six minutes' walk of horse railroad. Inquire of ISAAC M. PENNOCK, No. 29 Wood street, or JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.—OIL REFINERY—All the fixtures and appurtenances of an Oil Refinery, consisting of Tanks, Pipes, one Still, hand Agitator, &c., &c., situated on the property of the late John S. Cosgrave, near Laughlin's Station, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. For terms, &c., apply to S. A. COSGRAVE, Pittsburgh Steel Works, cor. Ross and First streets. eod-tf

FOR SALE.—PROPERTY.—Thirteen Acres of excellent Land, property of the late John S. Cosgrave, situate at the foot of Squirrel Hill, and within five minutes' walk of Laughlin's Station, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, especially suitable for Vineyard Purposes and Building Lots. For terms, &c., apply to S. A. COSGRAVE, Pittsburgh Steel Works, corner Ross and First streets. eod-tf

FOR SALE—STONE FLAGS—Any quantity of thin Flags, from one to four inches thick, suitable for floors of the greatest durability, garden walks, hearths, pavements, &c. We have the control of the largest and best quarry in the West, and can furnish these flags at the lowest possible price. HARRISON & BROTHER, corner Butler and Boundary streets, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS—Splendid chance for a Home. Rare bargain for men of small means. Fourteen desirable Building Lots, each 20 feet by 80 to a 10 foot alley, situate in Allegheny city, bounded by Ridge, Chartiers and Belmont streets and aforesaid alley, within a few steps of Rebecca street cars. These are the highest and driest bottom lots between the Suspension Bridge and Wood's Run. The entire property would make one of the finest manufacturing sites in the vicinity of the two cities. JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street.

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FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—BANK BUILDING—One of the best locations on Fourth street, with vault, &c. JACOB GLOSSER.

FOR SALE—FIXTURES—The entire fixtures of a first class family Grocery, will be sold cheap for cash. Any person designing to fit up an establishment of this kind can save fifty per cent. by calling at No. 50 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FIXTURES of a first class store in the most desirable part of Fifth street. For particulars apply at No. 47 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—SCALE—A second hand Fairbanks' track scale, weighing 5,000 lbs. in complete order. Information may be had through this office.

FOR SALE—A NEW INVENTION—Catlin's Sash Lock and Supporter; superior to Pulleys. The Right for Allegheny county for sale. Inquire of MILLER & PRESCOTT, 351 Liberty st. Orders for Sash goods promptly filled.

FOR SALE—LEASE—A two year's lease of a three story Building on Wood street, between Fourth and Fifth street. Possession given on April 1st, 1867. A splendid business stand. Address Box 253, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

FOR SALE—PRINTING PRESS—A Second-hand (but good as new) "Taylor's" Double Cylinder Steam Printing Press, size 34x46 inches. Will be sold at less than half the price of a new one. Address "Printer," this office.

FOR SALE—DISTILLERY.—Bonded Warehouse and two Warehouses. All the buildings are brick and substantially built. JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOT—A beautiful Building Lot of 2½ acres, at Shady Side Station, Pennsylvania Railroad. JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—PLATE GLASS—A lot of French Plate Glass, various sizes, being more than needed by the owner, who imported it for a large improvement. Will be sold at a discount. Apply to G. H. H., at this Office, or to J. J. GILLESPIE, Wood street.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FURNACE—A Charcoal Furnace on Pennsylvania Railroad and Canal, in Blast, with 6,000 Acres Land and Grist Mill. Furnace in good order and makes first quality Juniata Iron. WILLIAM DORRIS, JR., Attorney, Huntingdon, Pa.

FOR SALE—FARM—A valuable Farm, containing 220 Acres, adjoining borough of West Newton, on line of Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. The improvements consist of two Houses two Barns, two good bearing Orchards; plenty of Lime Stone and Coal. Also, a Mill and 27 Acres of Land. Call on or address JACOB BAUGHMAN, West Newton, Pa.

FOR SALE—FARM—A valuable Farm, containing 166 Acres, two miles northwest of Salem. The improvements consist of Frame Dwelling, large Bank Barn, carriage House, &c.; three bearing Orchards of good fruit. Also, a large Dwarf Pear Orchard; six never failing springs and a running stream. Will be sold if applied for soon. Call on or address DAVID CUMMING, Salem, Ohio.

FOR SALE—WOOLEN FACTORY—In Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., known as the Fullerton Woolen Factory. For particulars apply to M. B. and J. H. FULLERTON, Freeport, Pa.

FOR SALE—FURNACE PROPERTY.—To Iron Men—Furnace and Furnace Property for sale, situated on the Beaver Slack Water, about 40 miles from Pittsburgh, and 12 miles from New Castle, Pa. The Furnace, with everything complete, and now in active operation with buildings consisting of some 40 Dwelling Houses, Store and Warehouse, with Barn, Stables, &c., &c. Also, 150 acres of Mineral Lands, in fee simple, containing Coal, Ore and Limestone in abundance and communicating with Furnace by a Horse Railroad. The Furnace is a large stone stack, 12 feet bosh and 48 feet in height, with an Engine of ample power. Capacity: 20 tons of best gray forge metal per day, on an average. This valuable property will be sold cheap and possession given at once. For particulars communicate with BRYAN & CAUGHEY, Pittsburgh, Pa., LEMUEL WICK, President National City Bank, Cleveland, Ohio, or J. P. WITHROW, Superintendent, Rock Point, Lawrence county, P.

FOR SALE—SOUTHERN LANDS.—Farms of all sizes, and at various prices, from $3 to $100 per acre, in Maryland, Virginia, and the cotton growing States. Also, never-failing Water-power, Mill sites, Village Lots and Country Stores. Send 20 cents for Catalogue. Address WM. H. NEWTON, Attorney and Broker, 23 Lexington street, Baltimore, Maryland. TTHS

FOR SALE.—BLAST FURNACE.—The proprietors of the MIDDLESEX FURNACE, at Middlesex, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, being non residents and unable to give attention to business at Middlesex, will not continue their partnership, which expired in July last, and therefore offer the Furnace property for sale at a price so low as to make it an inducement to any one wishing to make Pig Iron. The property consists of Real Estate and Furnace, with all the necessary buildings, such as Dwelling Houses for employees, Office, Smith Shop, Casting, Stock and Engine Houses. The Furnace has a Stone Stack, on a rock foundation, the lining is in fair condition, the Hearth and Boshes nearly new and cut from the best Lowell Micaceous Sandstone. Engines for blowing, hoisting and pumping, all in good order. The Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad crosses the property and has a side track for the use of the Furnace. There are also lots with dock front on the Canal, so that a choice may be had, between Canal or Railroad transportation. All the arrangements are made for the cheap handling of stock. Such an opportunity of immediately engaging in making Pig Iron, with a comparatively small investment, and in one of the best Coal regions, is seldom presented. Apply to H. B. TUTTLE & SON, Cleveland, Ohio.

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Cheapest Flour House in Pittsburgh.

T. C. JENKINS,

273 LIBERTY ST.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS

ARE NOW CONSIDERED SUPERIOR

To Any Others in Market.

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The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1867.

WE are gratified to see in an Eastern paper the name of Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS at the head of a list of names of suitable persons for the position of Judge of the Supreme Court, which will be made vacant by the expiration of the term of Judge WOODWARD. We most heartily indorse the action of our contemporary in placing the name of Judge WILLIAMS at the top of this list. His experience at the bar and on the bench, which covers a period of over twenty-five years, during which he has been a constant and industrious student, we think eminently fits him for the position, and fully warrants the placing of his name the first on the list. It is well known to us here that during the fifteen years that Judge WILLIAMS has been on the bench, his decisions have rarely been reversed, his integrity and incorruptibility—most important requisites in a judge—are so well understood here that no one dares question them; with such a gentleman as our candidate we can go into the contest with an assurance of success.

THE Southern leaders appear to have as much difficulty in agreeing on what would be an acceptable plan of restoration—provided conditions are imposed at all—as Congress has had. In the first place, they incubated several weeks before anything was brought forth; and even then, although the thing was framed from the North Carolina stand-point, the Legislature of that State promptly repudiated it. This was followed by quite a general expression of opinion to the same effect by the Southern press; and a few days since, Governor HUMPHREYS sent to the Legislature of Mississippi a message disapproving entirely of the scheme. Fortunately the action of Congress—to be consummated by over-riding the veto—will end the protracted controversy.

JUST LOOK AT IT!

Both of the great political parties last fall promised the people a general law to facilitate the construction of railroads and the more rapid development of the State. The only contest was for public confidence as the best friend of the measure. No one opposed such a law, and whichever party succeeded, there would be no failure. It was a people's measure, and the best good of the State the argument. Strange as it may seem, however, there is great danger, after all, the people will be defrauded. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has stalked into the Legislature, claiming in this, as in all other matters in which it is interested, to exercise supervisory powers. A bill fairly providing for what had been promised the people was drawn, which went to the Senate Committee on Railroads, whereof Senator LANDON is the Chairman. It might just as well have been sent direct to the Pennsylvania Railroad management, for in the course of time the bill was reported by Mr. LANDON, hampered and loaded down with amendments supplied from that quarter. The bill was totally changed except in its title, which, to be truthful, should have been altered so as to read, "a bill to prevent the construction of Railroads in Pennsylvania."

The truth is, the people of the State have no Legislature—the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has one. It is a mistake to suppose that the people have any right to expect their wishes will be granted, whenever this corporation sees fit to interpose its objection. As shown in this case, though all the people be on one side, and the monopoly on the other, the Legislature is invariably for the monopoly, and against the people. If at any time there should be a deviation from this, we shall be happy to note the fact—and especially the passage of a general law perfected by those who desire to serve and not defraud the people.

THE truth of our remarks, a few days ago, on the character of places, in which we alluded to Chicago, is confirmed by a recent article in the *Times* of that city. Expressing the belief that St. Louis has outstripped Chicago in enterprise, and uttering a serious admonition against the business men of the latter place relying too much upon its advantageous position, the *Times* says:

"Chicago has many wonderful advantages as to location; but there is a limit to the benefits [illegible] from our situation. We are safe in as[illegible]r capitalists that, in less than five [illegible] will be found that the advantages of [illegible]ion will have been exhausted, and that [illegible] have fallen behind in our race with less [illegible] but more enterprising rivals. The time [illegible] about at an end when we can base [illegible]y upon questionable transactions in [illegible], and in allowing trade to find its way [illegible] place of going in search of it."

[illegible] "*questionable transactions in* [illegible]" which have raised bread in all the Northern States to an arbitrary price, are [illegible] well calculated to conciliate good [illegible], nor to attract business to that [illegible]. And now, since the same "trans[illegible]" have been ascertained to cut into [illegible] profits of the producer also, it is [illegible]her likely that the enterprising [illegible] of the Northwest will find, or are [illegible], ways of getting their produce to [illegible] without dependance on the "ques[illegible] transactions" carried on by the [illegible] warehousing system, and that the [illegible]ences are beginning to be feared, [illegible]elt. [illegible] morals of trade, in a place or with [illegible] individual, cannot be suffered to de[illegible] without entailing proportionate [illegible]. The *suspicion* of cheating prac[illegible] will suggest caution to customers, and the known existence of them will drive business away. Of course we wish no ill to our good and wonderful Western neighbors. But we are glad to see that "questionable transactions in grain" are discovered by her honest business men to be a poor reliance for sustaining the prosperity of a place. And it is the direct interest of all upright business men, as much as possible, to discountenance such "transactions" for the credit and prosperity of the place, as well as for other reasons.

OUR Government Securities are manifestly growing in favor, at home and abroad. And it is gratifying to see that the currency bonds and of course the currency is appreciating as well as the gold bonds. The advance of the latter has lately been greater than that of gold. And while the advance here in the price of gold bonds might be interpreted as a depreciation of the currency, the error of that supposition is shown by the fact that the bonds have advanced also in London, where not currency but gold is employed in the purchase. The London price, which for some time past has been from 72 to 73¾, has this week been 74 and 74½. Ours have advanced, while the English Governments, Consols, have been stationary at 91. All this is highly creditable to our finances. What we need to ensure and perpetuate a safe and prosperous condition of monetary affairs, is strict economy, public and private, a little good legislation, no experimental laws or measures of finance, and a considerable infusion, into the minds of the people and legislators, of the "Let-well-enough alone" policy.

THE telegrams from England announce the Irish disturbance at an end—nobody killed, nobody captured. How many scared, is not reported, though it is evident a good many were on both sides. The "rising" in Kerry has turned out, as any reasonable person must have expected, who read the first announcement of it. The locality to which the Fenian host of some 800 persons betook themselves was represented as a wild, mountainous district of Kerry, inaccessible by sea or land. It was a splendid position to take for a "masterly inactivity." This outbreak—so called only by the widest stretch of Hibernian license—was in fact an ingathering. If the persons concerned had resorted thither in order to enjoy undisturbed a process of starvation, the place was admirably selected. But their retirement was in some way heard of as a part of the expected rising, and when the royal troops reached the locality, through great difficulties no doubt, they found it an innocent solitude—nary rebel to be seen or heard of.

THE Allegheny police have given warning to knots of loafers accustomed to gather at certain points, that they will not be permitted to do it, with impunity, any longer. This is highly commendable. We wish the Pittsburgh police would extend similar attentions to companies of idlers, who gather at corners and crowd around entrances to public places in this city. There are doors and stairways leading to offices whither respectable people are obliged daily to resort, and many times a day, where from morning till night may be found companies of loafers, whose principal business appears to be to entertain one another with swearing, and to dirty the pavement with what otherwise comes out of their mouths. It would be a benefaction to passers by to disperse such loafing sets. It might also be a benefit to themselves, for if they have not a living to make by honest industry they could be idle with less danger of debasement in some other kind of company.

LAST fall General GEARY omitted no opportunity, either in his public addresses or letters, to commit himself to the principle of a General Law to facilitate the construction of Railroads and the development of the State. Unaided by the Legislature Governor GEARY cannot redeem the pledge which he and the Republican party gave. No one doubts that he feels as anxious now as he did then for the passage of an honest General Railroad Law, and that he deprecates any attempt by the higher power—the Monopoly—to deny the wishes of the people and prevent the redemption of the pledge. Will a Republican Legislature stand by General GEARY, or desert him, and thus violate their faith?

WE suppose there must be good reasons for keeping the United States armory in full blast, but we would suppose we had enough muskets and other arms to answer the purposes of the nation for some time to come. The immense aggregation of guns, pistols, sabers, and all sorts of accoutrements, must be sufficient to supply all the necessities of the country for many years. Economy in expenditures is more needed than increase in the quantity of firearms. We want to see the Government debt brought down to the *teens*, before any needless expense is indulged.

"FIGURES DON'T LIE"

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Is a trite old saying, and worthy, at this particular juncture, of the attention of that class of our community who continue to resist the very moderate demands of the manufacturers. *Moderate*, I say, because, if the operatives yielded to day, the manufacturer could not start his mill and successfully compete with prices at the East—Baltimore, Philadelphia, Troy, &c., &c. Now let us look at figures, not imaginary either, but from a letter received this day from one of the largest houses in Chicago. I copy verbatim:

"I bought in Philadelphia 3 inch round iron, 14 and 16 feet long, sawed ends, at	$4 35 ⅌ 100 lbs,
Freight to Chicago	55 do do
	$4 90 do do
You ask in Pittsburgh for same	$5 25 do do
Freight to Chicago	45 do do
	$5 70 do do

80 cents per 100 pounds against Pittsburgh and in favor of the East, or $16 00 per ton, or in round numbers ¾ cent per pound. Now, let me ask the operatives, or any reasonable man, if it would not be preposterous to expect Pittsburgh manufacturers to start their mills, such being the condition of things? Do you not see that not only does our present high priced labor operate against us, but freights add greatly to the "incubus" that crushes the iron manufacturer of Pittsburgh. The question at once arises, What are we to do? Let the operative answer the inquiry. We ask them to work for $7 for boiling, or submit to a reduction of about 22 per cent. Why, this does not help the matter. We must have a reduction of at least 33 per cent. in every department of labor, and a corresponding reduction in raw material, to enable us to put our iron into market and meet successfully such a competition as this. But the operatives suggest, and very properly, too, What can *we* do, when rents and provisions remain so high? We reply, one is dependent upon the other. Let labor go down and the other declines necessarily. As well might you expect to turn the sun from his course as to reduce provisions with such exorbitant prices for labor. The man who is *not able* to pay twenty-five cents per pound for his "steak," will soon secure it at twenty cents. It is a fallacy to suppose that labor is dependent on provisions. Just the reverse.

How sad, Mr. Editor, that these conflicts between capital and labor should exist! Are they not "twin sisters," and should they not go hand in hand? Just here, let me call the attention of iron manufacturers to the discriminating policy of our railroads against Pittsburgh. When will we arise in our might and say this *must not be?* is the inquiry of

TRUTH.

Washington County Agricultural Society.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Washington County Agricultural Society was held last week. The Treasurer's annual report showed a deficit of $333 83. It was resolved that the next annual exhibition be held on Wednesday and Thursday, September 25th and 26th, 1867. The officers elected for the ensuing year are:—President, Hon. John H. Ewing; Vice Presidents, John McDowell, Samuel Weirich, Samuel Weir, John Hodgens, and Andrew Brady; Treasurer, James C. Acheson; Secretary, David Aiken; Corresponding Secretary, George W. Reed; Board of Managers, Lewis Barker, James B. Wilson, James K. Mounts, William B. McKennan, Alex. Seaman, Godfrey Cook, John Fergus, John Hughes, V. Harding, Franklin Day, John B. Vankirk, William Davis; Committee of Arrangements, Thomas J. Hodgens, James F. Gabby, and John Prigg; Chief Marshal, Julius LeMoyne; Assistant Marsals, William C. Brownlee and Colonel John Ewing; Committee to take charge of grounds, George Morgan, John Hall and Wm. B. Cundall.

THE BAPTISM QUESTION.—The controversy between the Rev. Mr. Nesbit, of the Pittsburgh *Advocate*, and the Rev. Mr. Dickerson, pastor of the First Baptish church of this city, on the subject of Christian baptism seems to have ceased. The former advanced the doctrine that immersion was not a Scriptural mode of administering the ordinance: the latter defended himself and practice of his church from the charge, and in his last article contends that Mr. Nesbit, in conceding that "overwhelm" was a proper mode of baptism, had yielded the point at issue, Mr. Nesbit's view was that affusion is the only Bible baptism.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Four bears and three cubs were lately killed within twenty miles of St. Louis, Mo. What will Chicago say to that? Will she ungenerously taunt her rival with hanging on the outskirts of civilization?

The Ohio House of Representatives on Wednesday laid the Temperance Bill on the table, after a spirited debate, in which Cincinnati beer and Deer Creek water held a leading position. Not a single member from Hamilton county, wherein Cincinnati is situated, voted for the bill, and only one Democratic member sustained it.

The American press is now paying the Atlantic Telegraph Company something over ten thousand dollars per month for the transmission of news, and a proposition is under advisement that the American press shall pay the proprietors of the cables two hundred thousand dollars per annum, and have set apart certain hours during which the cable shall be used exclusively for the transmission of news reports. This would enable the papers to publish much fuller details than they feel authorized in doing while charged so much for every word.

It is reported by the authorities of the Louvre that that institution contains 2,000 pictures, of which twelve are attributed to Raphael, three to Correggio, eighteen to Titian, thirteen to Paul Veronese, forty-two to Rubens, twenty-two to Vandyck, seventeen to Rembrandt, eleven to G. Dow, eleven to Murillo, six to Velasquez, one to Watteau, four to Poussin, sixteen to Claude, and forty-one to J. Vernet.

A law case now pending in the courts of England shows that distinguished dramatic authors get, beside the original pay for their plays, only two or three pounds for each performance of a piece.

Turf matters in and about Chicago have been under a cloud since the end of young McKeever, last season, but a revival is taking place and an association of gentlemen has been formed to advance, if possible, the true interests of racing. A new park and track are to be laid out which will not be under the supervision of the stockholders, nor declare dividends in conformity with legislative charters, but will be owned by four public-spirited gentlemen, and will be conducted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Jerome park. Fraud will, it is promised, be strictly prohibited, disreputable jockeying will not be tolerated, and the park will be accessible to gentlemen and ladies of unquestionable integrity and morality.

The longest war on record has been raging in New Zealand from 1844 to the present time. Fortunately the New Zealanders have no special army correspondents.

The Wisconsin Legislature has made a practical move toward a resumption of specie payments. In the Lower House a resolution has been passed, directing the State Treasurer to pay the salaries of members and also that of the Governor in coin. Political hucksters who would insist upon receiving gold and silver for their services in times like the present, already have brass enough for anything.

Mr. Crosby, of the Chicago Opera House Gift Enterprise, is not out of the woods yet. He has been sued in Louisville, Ky., for the value of four tickets which did not draw splendid prizes and a decision has been rendered against him. But a Cincinnati court has decided the other way, so that the deluded ticket holder will only have to pay the costs of the proceedings for his pains.

The daily pay of Prussian infantry soldiers has been raised to seven cents a day. Wonder what our boys in blue would have said to fighting for two dollars and ten cents a month. Cheap food for powder at that rate.

Bismark wants to clear out the fashionable gambling hells of Wiesbaden and Hamburg. But the keepers of these places have concluded contracts with the Dukes of Nassau and Hesse, which are still running till 1881, with the privilege of continuing their ruinous sports till 1881. They refuse to sell out or compromise, and are at present masters of the situation.

The Boston Yacht Club has lately met with two decided rebuffs from the Legislature, in their very reasonable request for an act of incorporation. Almost without discussion the assembled wisdom of Massachusetts voted down their request by an overwhelming majority. No reason seems to have been assigned for this extraordinary action.

A choked horse in New Haven, it is announced, was relieved by inserting an ordinary hose in his mouth, and turning on the water. Homeopathic treatment with a vengeance. *Similia similibus curantur.* Choke cures choke!

The sergeants of the Hanoverian army, after having passed a fair examination, were in a body admitted into the Prussian army—some were even promoted to higher ranks.

PERSONAL.

—It having been rumored that the impoverished German princeling, who is married to Queen Victoria's daughter Helena, was to receive the colonelcy of one of the crack regiments of the Household Brigade of Guards, the Liberal press in England justly waxeth indignant. The London *Telegraph* protests bitterly against "the system of fooling away, upon worthless members of the royal family, honors and emoluments that belong to men who have served their country."

—Thomas Rude, a widower of forty-eight, and Mrs. Olive Bryant, a widow of seventy-two, were married at Chesterfield on Thursday. No information is given as to what the manners of the bride have previously been, but it is very certain that marriage has made her rude.

—The Conservatives in Berlin have nominated Bismarck, Roon, Moltke, and all the other Generals who have distinguished themselves during the last campaign. Our Conservatives prefer nominating stay-at-home patriots, and, when they are not eligible, taking up with supporters of the war of the Vallandigham and Clymer stripe.

—Mrs. Lois Matthews died recently at Middlebury, aged 95 years. She had for several years been a pensioner, on account of the services of her husband in the war of the revolution.

—The Catholic *Telegraph* says the truth about Mollie Trussell is that "she is going to the Magdalen Asylum, under the care of the sisters of the Good Shepherd."

—Secretary Seward has check-mated Senator Sumner in the little game about paying Harvey as Minister to Portugal.

—Mayor Hoffman, of New York, declined to speak at the Fenian mass meeting which was called for yesterday.

—Lord Derby's yearly attack of gout has this winter been of a very mild character. Perhaps the sweets of office had an emollient effect upon the noble Earl's aristocratic but agonizing malady.

Finest of the Fine.—An invoice of the finest Liquors imported, such as Otard DuPuy & Co.'s Brandy, pure Oporto Wine, Sherry and Madeira Wines, fine old Jamaica Rum and Holland Gin. Also, the finest Old Rye Whisky in the country. All of the above goods have been selected with great care and for the special wants of invalids.
McCLARRAN & McKENNAN'S Drug Store, 85 Market st. corner Diamond near Fifth st.

London Ale and Porter.—For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, &c., and are the most healthful and invigorating tonics known. We are importing the above goods direct from the bottlers in London, and can supply the trade as low as any house in New York. Sold by the single bottle dozen or cask by
McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, Druggists, 85 Market st. corner Diamond near Fifth st.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
A CURE AT LAST!
METCALFE'S
Great Rheumatic Remedy,
FOR
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Nervous Headaches, and Pains in the Head or Face.

This preparation is entirely new, having been in use only a few months; yet, in no single instance has it been known to fail. The first dose, "forty drops," invariably relieves the pain, and, thrice repeated, often effects a cure.
It not only relieves the most excruciating agony; but, when the patient has been confined to bed for months, a few doses will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days; and in many cases of extreme torture, relief has been obtained in a few hours. In all other cases the sufferer has been restored to health in a short space of time.
The great charm of METCALFE'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY is the small quantity necessary to cure the most violent attacks of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Nervous Headaches, and all similar complaints. In this respect it is very different to the other numerous remedies which are constantly being brought before the public; the great benefit of which lies in the poor sufferer's swallowing three or four quarts of some nauseous liquid, before the slightest relief is promised.
Remember that a few drops of this wonderful medicine acts like magic, and instantly alleviates the most unbearable pain. Tell your afflicted friends to try it and be convinced. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE. Sole Agent for Pittsburgh,
JOS. FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,
oc29-M-TUAW NO. 84 MARKET STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS IN
CLOTHING.
SELLING OUT OF A
WHOLESALE CLOTHING STORE.
AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
The undersigned having determined to quit business offer for sale at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF
READY-MADE CLOTHING.
PIECE GOODS,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Cottonades, Jeans, Vestings, &c. Also, of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods and Tailors' Trimmings, to which they call the attention of dealers in the city and the country, and the public generally.
Our entire stock of Goods MUST BE SOLD by the FIRST DAY OF APRIL NEXT, as our store has been rented. All those desiring great bargains should call early at No. 137 WOOD STREET.
A. FROWENFELD & BRO.

RELIGIOUS.

☞ DISCOURSES ON THE PROPHECY Relating to the Speedy Coming and Kingdom of our Lord, by Elder W. LANGARD, SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., at Philo Hall, Third street, above Market.
JOHN A. BEST.

☞ MISSIONARY ANNIVERSARY IN CHRIST'S M. E. CHURCH. Sermon at 10½ A. M. by Rev. E. B. SNYDER. Sabbath School Anniversary at 3 P. M. Addresses by Revs. HERRICK JOHNSON and ALEX. CLARK.

☞ FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, FIFTH STREET, ABOVE THE POST-OFFICE. ALEXANDER CLARK, the Pastor, will preach at 10:30 A. M. and at 7 P. M. He will begin a series of Sabbath Evening Discourses on the words "Who is my Neighbor?" Strangers invited. Free seats for all. Sabbath School at 9 A. M., and 1:45 P. M.

☞ SOUTHERN EVANGELIZATION—A Union Meeting in behalf of Sabbath School and Missionary effort among the destitute whites and freedmen of the South will be held at the First Presbyterian Church, Wood street, (Rev. Mr. Scovel's,) on SABBATH EVENING the 24th inst., at 7 o'clock. Interesting addresses may be expected from Rev. G. L. SHEARER, the American Tract Society's Secretary for the South, Uncle JOHN VASSAR, the well known army missionary and others. The public are respectfully invited.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TARTARIC ACID,
300 POUNDS FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO., Corner Wood and First streets
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ARSENIC,
2,000 POUNDS FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO., Corner Wood and First streets,
eod

COFFEE—
530 BAGS PRIME TO CHOICE RIO;
20 BAGS PRIME JAVA;
In store and to arrive, for sale low, in lots.
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
tf 130 and 132 Second street.

NEW GOODS
OPENING DAILY.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH ST.
Are Opening [illegible]ally
New and Desirable Goods.
BRADLEY'S NEW INVISIBLE SKIRT for 1867.
PROMENADE AND PARTY SKIRTS—new styles.
LADIES' MATINEE BRODE AND OPERA KIDS.
PATENT PROTECTORS—For Ladies only.
GENT'S PIQUE AND PLAIN KIDS.
The New FRENCH PAPER COLLAR CUFFS, are the latest novelty on Paper.
Best FRENCH WHALEBONE CORSETS—all sizes.
GUIPURE LACES—new styles.
BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.
NEW LACE COLLARS.
DEALERS SUPPLIED
At New York Jobbers' Prices.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.

THE LATEST STYLES OF
VISITING CARDS
NEATLY PRINTED TO ORDER.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.

ABEL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,
MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS,
NO. 54 ST. CLAIR STREET,
SECOND FLOOR,
eod PITTSBURGH, PA.

AT WHOLESALE.
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SLATES,
ENVELOPES AND PAPERS.
J. R. Weldin & Co.

GO TO
BOWDOIN & GIBSON'S,
24 Fifth street, for a SEWING MACHINE.
TH,S

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT THE OLD PREMISES.
Messrs. Fleming, Torrens & Co.,
Herewith announce that their Factory having been rebuilt after the late fire they have removed to the old premises,
Nos. 62 and 64 THIRD ST.,
Where they will be pleased to see their customers.
They are fully prepared to fill orders promptly, and at the lowest prices.

JOHN HEATH,
Great Western
PLANING MILL & LUMBER YARD
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.
Having a large stock of DRY LUMBER on hand, we are prepared to furnish all descriptions of Dressed Lumber for Building, &c., at Lowest Market Rates. Flooring, Sash, Doors and Mouldings constantly on hand.
All work put into Dry House before keying up.
Scroll Sawing and Resawing done with dispatch.
Boxes made to order. W S

BACON, &C.
SUGAR CURED HAMS,
DRIED BEEF,
BREAKFAST BACON,
SHOULDERS & SIDES,
CHOICE NO. 1 LARD,
EXTRA NO. 1 WINTER STRAINED LARD OIL,
TALLOW AND MILL GREASE.
I have in store a large stock of the above Provisions, which I am prepared to supply to the trade at the lowest market price. Dealers will find it to their interest to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere
JAMES LIPPINCOTT,
PORK PACKER,
TU,T,S No. 23 Seventh street, Pittsburgh.

THE
RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE,
FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
March number now ready, and contains besides
Two Full Page Illustrations and Numerous Superior Wood Engravings,
Several new and attractive articles, amongst which may be found "The Famous Battle of Bumble Bug and Bumble Bee," with Illustrations by H. L. Stephens. A new pictorial version of The Five Little Pigs. The commencement of a new serial, called Philip, the Greenland Hunter, Shakesperian Story No. 2, The Tempest, Mining in the Snow by Jacob Abbott, &c., &c.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
$2 50 per annum, payable in advance. Three copies, $6 50. 5 copies $10 00. Ten copies, $20 00, and an extra copy gratis. Twenty copies $35 00, and an extra copy gratis. Single copies 25 cents.
Sample copies of the January number sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of 20 cents.
Agents and Canvassers wanted in every part of the country. Address
HURD & HOUGHTON, Publishers,
459 BROOME ST., NEW YORK.
Clergymen and teachers supplied with the Riverside Magazine one year for $2 00.
"The January number has appeared, a model of typographical beauty, and full of interesting matter of the lighter sort."—*Buffalo Express.*

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AT
ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO'S
178 Federal Street, Allegheny,
New Prints, New Prints, New Prints,
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ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S,
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New Delaines, New Delaines,
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New Dress Goods, New Dress Goods,
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New Cassimeres, New Cassimeres,
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ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S,
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New Table Linens, New Table Linens,
AT
ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S,
178 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.
N. B.—Wholesale Buyers are particularly requested to call and examine our New Stock, as it will be found full, fresh and complete, and at the
LOWEST EASTERN QUOTATIONS.
Erwin, McConnell & Co

RICE BROTHERS,
269 & 271 EAST WATER STREET,
MILWAUKEE.
CHARLES H. RICE & CO.,
211 & 213 SOUTH WATER STREET,
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PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE PURCHASE OF
GRAIN, FLOUR, PROVISIONS & HOPS,
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CHOICE MILLING WHEAT.
Grain bought and held on margins. Wheat shipped in bags or bulk, and rates given to all points East or South. Orders from Millers solicited. Samples sent on application. Daily Market Reports furnished. Send us your orders. w s-2p

NEW GOODS
FOR THE SPRING TRADE
JUST ARRIVED
AT
JOS. HORNE & CO.'S.
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTING,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, WHITE GOODS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
BUTTONS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELTINGS, BUCKLES and NOTIONS of all kinds, a full and complete line.
MILLINERY GOODS.
Ribbons, Flowers,
Hats, Bonnets,
Frames, Silks,
Crapes, Malines, &c.
As our stock has been purchased at LOW PRICES, we are prepared to offer them at correspondingly low rates to WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS.
MERCHANTS, PEDLARS and DEALERS in our line will find it to their interest to give us a call.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

STOREKEEPERS AND
SCHOOL TEACHERS
Would find it to their advantage to buy their School Books, Paper and Stationary, at No. 101 WOOD ST.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.

SEEDS! SEEDS!
JUST RECEIVED FROM THE SHAKERS
FRESH AND RELIABLE.
SOLD IN ANY QUANTITY AT LOWEST RATES

Genuine Proprietary Medicines.
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c.
CALIFORNIA WINES,
Direct from the Vineyards of the Sonoma Valley.
PARK & BRILL,
NO. 77 FEDERAL STREET,
Third door below Fort Wayne, and directly opposite Western Pennsylvania Railroad Depots.
WS ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

JOBBING,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING,
60 SMITHFIELD ST., near Fourth,
LONG & SMITHSON.

OVER FIVE THOUSAND
Grover & Baker Machines
Are in use in Allegheny County, and the demand greatly exceeds the supply. Send your orders to
no9 NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FEBRUARY, 1867.
WE OPEN TO-DAY
OUR
NEW STOCK
OF
CARPETS,
Comprising the Best Patterns made in
INGRAIN, THREE-PLY
AND
English Tapestry Brussels,
Which we Now Offer at
Wholesale and Retail,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES
SINCE THE WAR.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH ST.,
SECOND FLOOR,
Over Henry Miner's Book Store.

AT REDUCED PRICES.
HILLERMAN
Is Offering His Entire Stock of
LADIES' AND GENT'S
FURS,
AT
JUST AS LOW PRICES NOW,
AS THEY CAN BE BOUGHT FOR IN THE SUMMER TIME.
J. H. HILLERMAN,
NO. 75 WOOD STREET.
W S

BOOTS AND SHOES.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
No. 31 Fifth Street.
Have now in store one of the largest stock of
BOOTS,
SHOES AND GAITERS,
Ever brought to this city, all of which will be sold
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
AT THE
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
Our Goods are warranted to give satisfaction.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
WHAT BEAUTIFUL FURS.
LATEST STYLES.
All Description of Furs,
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
ELEGANT SKATING FURS,
At LOWEST CASH PRICES. This stock consists of the very choicest varieties of LADIES', MISSES' and GENT'S FURS. Also, a full and complete assortment of the Fall and Winter styles of GENT'S YOUTHS' and MISSES'
Hats and Caps.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Charles H. Paulson,
W,S NO. 73 WOOD STREET.

BUTLER & CHRISTIE,
ENGINEERS & PATENT SOLICITORS,
NO. 23 FIFTH ST., ROOM NO. 6,
AGENTS FOR THE
HARRISON BOILER,
The safest and most economical Steam Generator in use. Drawings and specifications of Rolling Mills and Machinery, and Buildings of all kinds furnished to order. Machinery purchased and sold on commission. Special attention paid to Surveying and Plotting.
T TH S

FOR RENT.
A Hall in Third Story of 58 Market street, now occupied by Black Davis.
First Floor Parlors, No. 139 Grant street, suitable for offices.
Second Story Room or Office, No. 56 Market street.
A Room, suitable for sleeping apartments for one or two single gents.
JOS. M. GAZZAM,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
98 Grant street.

WALL PAPERS.
FOR SPRING SALES OF 1867.
We are now prepared to offer to our customers, and the trade generally, an extensive collection of
PAPER HANGINGS, BORDERS,
FIRE BOARD PRINTS, &c.,
Embracing all qualities of goods known to the trade, for Parlors, Dining Rooms, Halls, Chambers, Churches, Assembly Rooms, &c. Also,
TRANSPARENT OIL CLOTH,
AND
Paper Window Shades.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES, AT
No. 107 Market St., near Fifth.
JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

ROBT. CHRISTY,
GRAVEL ROOFER,
Office, COR. FIFTH AND WOOD STS., over National Bank of Commerce. T,TH,S

SPECTACLES,
TO IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT,
Manufactured from the GENUINE RUSSIAN PEBBLES, for sale only at No. 22 ST. CLAIR ST., by
J. DIAMOND,
no2-W&S Practical Optician.

N. O. MOLASSES AND SUGAR.—
105 bbls strictly prime to choice Louisiana Plantation Molasses;
15 hhds prime N. O. Sugar; just arrived per steamer Kenton, and for sale by
WILLIAM MILLER,
Late Miller & Ricketson,
corner Liberty and Irwin streets.

FEATHER DUSTERS
AND GOOD BRUSHES
Of all kinds, at the Housefurnishing Store of
T. H. RICHARDS,
no12 30 Fifth street.

GROCERY STORE FOR SALE—
A Wholesale and Retail Grocery Store, on one of the most public thoroughfares in the city. The stock of goods are all fresh and lately purchased. Will be sold at invoice price. No bonus asked for lease. Stock will amount to $9 000 to $10,000. Inquire of
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
corner of Smithfield and Water streets.

CANNED FRUIT,
CANNED FRUIT,
Of all varieties, Foreign Fruits and Nuts, Fancy Cakes and Confectionaries, can be had at all times by calling at No. 40 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.
no20 GEORGE SCHLELEIN.

SEWING MACHINES—
GET AN ELLIPTIC OR AN ÆTNA.
They are the best. BOWDOIN & GIBSON,
TH,S 24 Fifth street.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE COALMEN'S TRUST CO.,
PITTSBURGH, February 22, 1867.

☞ DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS OF THE COALMEN'S TRUST COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE, out of the profits of the institution during the last six months, payable on and after March 1, 1867.
By order of the Board
A. J. BAKER, President.
W. J. PATTERSON, Secretary. T TH S

☞ NOTICE—IN PURSUANCE of a supplement, approved February 21, 1867, to an act incorporating the MIDAS PETROLEUM AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK, notice is hereby given that the principal office of said Company, from and after the passage of said supplement, is located in the city of Pittsburgh, and the next Annual Election is directed to be held at the office of JACOB GLOSSER, No. 118 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 1 P. M. and 4 P. M. of WEDNESDAY the 13th day of March, A. D. 1867. Provided, further that a majority of the Directors of said Company shall be citizens of Pennsylvania. Proxies in the usual form will be filed at Mr. Glosser's office ten days before the election.

☞ THE FIRST INSTALMENT, being fifty per cent. on subscription to stock of Western Savings Bank will be payable on FIRST OF MARCH NEXT, at office of THOMPSON, BELL & CO.
February 21, 1867.

☞ THE ALLEGHENY COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION will meet in Excelsior Institute Hall, corner Liberty and Fourth street, on SATURDAY, February 23d, at 10 A. M., at which time Rev. W. B. WATKINS will finish his very interesting lecture on the subject of "Elements of the Angle Saxon in American Society."

PITTS. FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Pittsburgh, February 20, 1867.

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stock and Bondholders of this Company for the election of Directors, and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of said Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the THIRD WEDNESDAY (20th) OF MARCH, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the Company, at their office in the city of Pittsburgh, and at the Transfer Agency, in the city of New York, will be closed on the 4th day of March, at 2 P. M., and remain closed until the 21st day of March thereafter.
F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF PITTS. & STEWARTS RUN OIL CO.,
Pittsburgh, February 15, 1867.

☞ THERE WILL BE A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Stewarts Run Oil Company held at the Office of the Company, two doors below Hand Street Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, February 27th, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Every shareholder should be represented. Important business.
R. H. McCREERY, Sec'y.

☞ AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT, MANAGERS AND OFFICERS of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, will be held at the TOLL HOUSE, at the South end of the Bridge, on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M.
s WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

☞ REFINERS' ASSOCIATION—The Annual meeting of the Pittsburgh Petroleum Refiners' Association for the election of Officers, etc. will be held at their Room in Dalzell's Building, Duquesne Way, on TUESDAY, 26th inst., at 3 o'c'k, P. M. Full attendance is requested.
H. M. LONG, Sec'y pro tem.

☞ NOTICE—ALL PERSONS having claims against the late firm of MILLER & RICKETSON are requested to present them for settlement previous to first of April next to
WM. MILLER,
221 and 223 Liberty street.

OFFICE OF THE COAL MEN'S TRUST CO.,
Pittsburgh, February 8, 1867.

☞ AN ELECTION FOR TEN DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at their Office No. 117 WOOD STREET, MONDAY, the 25th inst., between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock P. M. By order of the President
W. J. PATTERSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE A. V. R. R. COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, February 1, 1867.

☞ THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the Office of the Company, corner of Pike and Canal streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., on TUESDAY, February 26th, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the election of a Board of Managers to serve for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may be presented.
WM. PHILLIPS, President.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. CO.,
Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1867.

☞ NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company. The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will redeem the first Mortgage Bonds of the Company within two years from this date, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage given to secure the payment of the said Bonds. By order of the Board of Managers. WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

☞ NOTICE TO
IRON AND STEEL MANUFACTURERS

The Proprietors and Assignees of the several Letters Patent issued to Henry Bessemer and Robert Mushet, of England, and to William Kelly and others of this country, for the manufacture of IRON AND STEEL, by their various processes, in the United States, have, for the purpose of avoiding all conflict of claims under said patents, consolidated their interests, appointed the undersigned Trustees, and are now prepared to grant Licenses for Manufacture and Sale under the various Letters Patent, and to furnish all necessary information and working drawings.
The great *strength* and *toughness* and perfect *homogeneity* of the BESSEMER or PNEUMATIC CAST STEEL, and the comparative cheapness of its production, as well as the already enormous consumption of it are too well known to require comment.
The process may be witnessed at the works of Messrs. WINSLOW, GRISWOLD & HOLLEY, at Troy.
Further information as to terms and particulars of cost, instructions, &c., may be obtained by addressing either of the undersigned.
JOHN F. WINSLOW, Troy, N. Y.,
JOHN A. GRISWOLD, Troy, N. Y.,
D. J. MORRELL, Johnstown, Pa.,
Trustees.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
U. S. GOVERNMENT DEPOSITARY,
Pittsburgh, August 28, 1866.

☞ THE GOVERNMENT IS NOW converting
U. S. 7-30 NOTES,
1st SERIES, INTO
U.S. 5-20 GOLD BEARING BONDS
Persons desirous of making the exchange can do so by applying at the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 55 Market st.
D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

SEEDS, SEEDS,
We are now prepared with our Spring Stock of
GARDEN, FIELD
AND
Flower Seeds,
WARRANTED FRESH AND GENUINE.
We offer Special Inducements to Market Gardeners and Country Merchants.
All our Seeds are Tested before offering for sale.

HAY PRESSES,
INGERSOLL'S HAND AND HORSE POWER PRESSES—a full stock of all sizes.
J. KNOX,
137 LIBERTY STREET.

NEW CROP TEAS
150 ½ chests Oolong Tea;
100 ½ chests Japan Tea;
15 ½ chests Gunpowder Tea;
15 ½ chests Imperial Tea;
50 ½ chests Young Hyson Tea;
250 bags Rio Coffee;
50 mats Java Coffee;
25 mats Laguyra Coffee;
59 bbls. Lovering's Syrup;
20 bbls. Imperial Syrup;
50 bbls. Franklin Syrup;
25 bbls. White Drips.
J. D. DRAVO,
NOS. 23 and 24 DIAMOND.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF
OIL BARGES.
I WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC SALE ON
TUESDAY, Feb. 26th, at 10 A. M.,
EIGHT OIL BARGES,
Viz: Five at Lockhart, Frew & Co.'s Works, Negley's run; one at Standard Works; two at Eagle Works; ranging in capacity from 400 to 1,300 barrels, all in good order and mostly new, having been run but few trips. Also, a lot of CRUDE OIL BARRELS. Trains on A. V. RR. leave depot at 9.30 A. M.
J. REAMER,
Assignee of A. Conkle.

MACHINISTS' TOOLS
SQUARES, CALLIPERS, PLUMB BOBS, DRILLS, &c., of the best makes, for sale by
B. WOLFF, JR. & CO.,
corner of Liberty and St. Clair sts.

HORSES,
CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES,
Of the very best for Hire, at
HOWARD'S LIVERY STABLE,
First street, near Monongahela House.
Great attention paid to buying and selling Horses. Horses kept at Livery.

MOON & LAMPHEAR,
Nos. 3 and 4 FULTON MARKET, N. Y.
Wholesale Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH.
All orders punctually attended to.

CHAMPAGNE WINES.
Having been appointed SOLE AGENT for the sale in this city of
MOET & CHANDON'S CELEBRATED WINES,
I am prepared to offer them at reduced prices.
WM. MILLER,
221 and 223 Liberty street.

200 BBLS. FLOUR;
200 BBLS. APPLES;
100 BBLS. POTATOES;
500 BUSH. SACK POTATOES;
25 KEGS CHOICE LARD;
10 KEGS CHOICE BUTTER; in store and for sale low to the trade, by
MEANOR, HARPER & HOOD,
No. 329 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

BAKING POWDER.
A fresh supply of Bishoprick's Infallible Baking Powder, put up in one-half and one pound cans for family use, just received and for sale by the single can or dozen, at the Family Grocery of
LEWIS & McCLURE,
346 Liberty street.

TAREING IRONS, BRANDS AND MARKING BRUSHES, for U. S. Inspectors, for sale by
JAMES BOWN,
WS 136 Wood st.

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The copartnership heretofore existing between W. W. MOORE & W. W. IRWEN, under the firm of W. W. MOORE & CO., was dissolved February 15th, by mutual consent. W. W. Moore will collect all debts and settle all claims of the late company.
W. W. MOORE,
W. W. IRWEN.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of DEMMLER & SCHULZE, was dissolved February 9th, 1867. Christian Schulze having disposed of all his interest in the firm to Lewis F. Demmler. The business of the late firm will be settled by the new firm of DEMMLER BROTHERS.
HENRY H. DEMMLER,
CHRISTIAN SCHULZE.

DEMMLER BROTHERS,
SUCCESSORS TO DEMMLER & SCHULZE,
No. 126 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Manufacturers of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, and dealers in Britannia and Block Tin Ware, Trays, Cutlery, Stoves and Housefurnishing Goods in general, respectfully solicit the patronage of the customers of the late firm, and the trade in general.
Pittsburgh, February 18, 1867.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Thomas Roberts, William Barnes and Jared M. Brush, under the firm of ROBERTS, BARNES & CO., is this day dissolved, THOS. ROBERTS retiring from the firm.
ROBERTS, BARNES & CO.
January 1st, 1867.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY entered into a copartnership, and will continue to carry on the manufacture of Japanned and Pressed Tinware, &c., under the name and style of WM. BARNES & CO., at the old stand, No. 89 Third street.
JARED M. BRUSH,
WM. BARNES,
J. L. McABOY,
January 1, 1867. JOHN F. McLAREN, JR.

WILLIAM BARNES & CO,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STAMPED AND JAPA[illegible]
AND DEALERS [illegible]
HOUSEFURNISHING HAR[illegible]
TIN PLATE, BLOCK TIN, [illegible]
COPPER, BRASS, WIRE and [illegible]
of all kinds.
89 THIRD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned under the name of COOK BROS. & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent, B. L. COOK retiring therefrom, to date from January 1st.
B. L. COOK,
WM. M. COOK,
GEO. D. COOK.

ON RETIRING FROM THE Wholesale Provision Trade, I desire to tender my thanks to my friends and customers for their liberal patronage bestowed upon us, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same to my successors.
B. L. COOK, of Cook, Shaw & Co.,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 17 Lasalle st., Chicago.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the interest of B. L. COOK, would announce that they will continue the Wholesale Provision trade at the old stand, 345 LIBERTY ST., under the firm name of
COOK, BROS. & CO.,
Where they will be pleased to see their old friends and customers.
WM. M. COOK,
GEO. D. COOK.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 5, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of FOERSTER & SCHWARZ, was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of February, 1867, the entire interest of C. F. Schwarz having been purchased by Edward Foerster, who will continue the Wall Paper and Fancy Goods business at the same stand, No. 164 Smithfield street. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Edward Foerster, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.
EDWARD FOERSTER,
C. F. SCHWARZ.

HAVING SOLD MY ENTIRE INTEREST in the Wall Paper and Fancy Goods business to EDWARD FOERSTER, who will continue the business at the old stand, I would cheerfully recommend him to our former patrons and the public generally.
C. F. SCHWARZ.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—
The Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of R. DALZELL & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by either of the subscribers, at the old stand, No. 251 Liberty street.
ROBERT DALZELL,
A. FILSON DALZELL.
Pittsburgh, February 1st, 1867.

ON RETIRING FROM THE Wholesale Grocery Business, in which we have so long been engaged, we desire to tender our sincere thanks to our friends and customers for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same to our successors, WM. H. KIRKPATRICK & CO., whom, from their long experience in and knowledge of the business, we cheerfully recommend to the confidence of our late patrons.
R. DALZELL & CO.

WM. H. KIRKPATRICK..................JNO. F. KIRKPATRICK.
Wm. H. Kirkpatrick & Co,
(Successors to R. DALZELL & CO.,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Flour, Produce, &c.,
NO 251 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.
The undersigned having purchased the stock of R. DALZELL & CO. will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY, FLOUR, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, at the old stand, and would respectfully solicit the patronage of the customers of the retiring firm and of buyers generally.
WM. H. KIRKPATRICK & CO.,
No. 251 LIBERTY STREET.
Pittsburgh, February 1st, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the Lamp and Glass business, under the firm name of JOHN ROSS & CO., has this day been dissolved by the purchase of the interests of Jacob Needy and Geo. S. South, in said firm by John Ross, who will continue the business at No. 64 MARKET STREET, and who alone is authorized to settle the business of the late firm.
JOHN ROSS,
JACOB NEEDY,
GEO. S. SOUTH.
Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1867.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.—We have this day associated with us in the manufacture of Wrought Iron Welded Tubing, A. FILSON DALZELL and ROBERT H. DALZELL. The business of the firm will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of
EVANS, CLOW, DALZELL & CO.
EVANS & CLOW
Pittsburgh, December 6, 1866.

JOHN EVANS..........................A. FILSON DALZELL
J. B. CLOW..........................ROBERT H. DALZELL.
CRESCENT TUBE WORKS.
EVANS, CLOW, DALZELL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WROUGHT IRON WELDED TUBES,
FOR STEAM, WATER, GAS, &c.
LIGHT ARTESIAN TUBING,
FOR OIL WELLS.
Galvanized Tubing
ALL SIZES, CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Warehouse, No. 14 Market St., cor. First.
☞ BEST AMERICAN IRON used, and all work warranted.

MEDICAL.

KIDD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
175 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
PROPRIETORS OF
DR. J. KIDD'S LUNG BALSAM,
AND
THE PERE COUGH BALSAM.

WM. J. KANE..................SAM'L H. DRUIT
KANE & DRUIT,
Corner Federal and Lacock streets,
ALLEGHENY, PA.,
Wholesale & Retail Druggists,
Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs, Dye stuffs, Carbon Oil, etc., Standard and Patent Medicines. Their stock is large and well selected, and will be sold as low as any house in the West. oc23

J. C. MATTERN,
DRUGGIST,
Cor. Smithfield and Third sts.
SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED TO
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS,
jy5 AND FAMILY RECIPES.

PARK & BRILL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
NO. 77 FEDERAL STREET,
mh10 near Depot, Allegheny city, Pa.

MILLINGAR & BIDWELL,
MONONGAHELA
PLANING MILL
AND
LUMBER YARDS
CARSON STREET,
SOUTH END MONONGAHELA BRIDGE,
SOUTH PITTSBURGH.
Having a large stock of DRY LUMBER on hand we are prepared to furnish all descriptions dressed Lumber for Buildings, &c., at lowest market rates.
Builders and those intending to build, this is the most favorable time for making their arrangements, as we have a large stock finished work on hand.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF
CHOICE GOODS,
AT THE
WAREHOUSE, No. 201 LIBERTY ST.,
(Lately occupied by Charles C. Balsley),
Consisting of Canned Fruits, Lard Oil, Lard, Cheese, Pickles in Vinegar, Hominy, Wine Vinegar, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Cigars, 3,000 lbs to 4,000 lbs Butter, in Fruit House: one Horse and Wagon, etc. Also, Lease of Warehouse and Fixtures.
JOHN TORRENCE, Receiver.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 30, 1867. tf

ÆTNA SEWING MACHINE—
THE BEST FOR ALL KINDS OF THREAD,
BOWDOIN & GIBSON, Agents,
TH,S 24 Fifth street.

STOCK SALES

CITIZENS' PASSENGER RAILWAY STOCK, RAILROAD BONDS, &c.—On TUESDAY EVENING, February 26, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on Second Floor of Commercial Sales rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
90 shares Citizens' Passenger Railway Co.
50 shares Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad Co.
$1,000 Allegheny Valley Railroad 7 3-10 per cent. Bonds.
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker
AND AUCTIONEER,
Having secured the Board of Trade Rooms above the Third National Bank I am now prepared to sell at Auction, STOCKS, BONDS and all kinds of SECURITIES and REAL ESTATE, either on the premises or at the above Rooms.
Particular attention paid as heretofore to the sale of Real Estate at Private Sale.
Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.
OFFICE: 102 FOURTH ST.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, Pa., February 1st, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following accounts of Executors, Administrators, Guardians &c., have been duly passed in said Register's Office and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance on MONDAY, March 4th, 1867.

No. 1. First and final account of Sam'l Whitehouse, Administrator (cum testamento annexo) of Hannah Jones, deceased. Filed November 3d, 1866.

No. 2. Final account of Alexander and Andrew Douglas, Executors of Thompson Douglas deceased. Filed November 3d, 1866.

No. 3. Final account of Peter Schildecker, Administrator of Dominick Schildecker, deceased. Filed November 5, 1866.

No. 4. Final account of Elizabeth P. Roberts and W. W. Barker, administrators of John W. Roberts, deceased. Filed November 5th, 1866.

[illegible]

No. 8. First and final account of Wm. S. Bullock and Margaret Derrickson, Administrators of John Derrickson, deceased. Filed November 8th, 1866.

No. 9. First and final account of John Fullerton and R. Ramsey, Executors of John N. Ramsey, deceased. Filed November 8th, 1866.

No. 10. Account of Elizabeth Graham, Administratrix of William Graham, deceased. Filed November 8th, 1866.

No. 11. First and final account of William Stewart, Administrator of David M. Stewart deceased. Filed November 8th, 1866.

No. 12. Final account of E. P. Jones, Executor of Esmund Thomas, deceased. Filed November 9th, 1866.

No. 13. Partial account of David Clark and Eliza Clark, Administrators of Samuel Clark, deceased. Filed November 13th, 1866.

No. 14. Account of Griswold E. Warner, Guardian of Mary S. McGuffey heir of James McGuffey, deceased. Filed November 13th, 1866.

No. 15. Account of Wm. P. Speakman, Executor of William Speakman, deceased. Filed November 15, 1866.

No. 16. Account of George W. Coffin, Administrator of John Gracey, deceased. Filed November 16th, 1866.

No. 17. Final account of Robert Woods and Bernard Young, Executors of Joseph Allen, deceased. Filed November 17th, 1866.

No. 18. Account of Melchoir Boerner, Guardian of minor children of Conrad Allebrand, deceased. Filed November 17th, 1866.

No. 19. Account of John E. Parke, Administrator of Frank H. Parke, deceased. Filed November 20th, 1866.

No. 20. Account of Robert Watson, Executor of William Jackson, deceased. Filed November 21st, 1866.

No. 21. Account of Jonathan Neely, Administrator of Sarah Henry, deceased. Filed November 21st, 1866.

No. 22. Final account of John Wilkinson, Guardian of Lizie Madison, minor child of Michael Douseman, deceased. Filed November 21st, 1866.

No. 23. Second and final account of Matthew Edwards and John S. Miller, acting Administrators of James M. Leake, deceased. Filed November 22d, 1866.

No. 24. Final account of Samuel B. Douglas, Guardian of Elliot W. Douglas. Filed November 24th, 1866.

No. 25. Account of Eliza Fawcett, Executrix of Andrew Fawcett, deceased. Filed December 1st, 1866.

No. 26. Final account of Wm. Tidball, Administrator of John McMichael, deceased. Filed December 3d, 1866.

No. 27. Partial account of Charles Klump, Administrator of Daniel Hoffman, deceased. Filed December 3d, 1866.

No. 28. Account of James Robb, one of the Executors of Joseph Watt, deceased. Filed December 3d, 1866.

No. 29. First and final account of D. B. McMillin, Executor of Philip Magnus, deceased. Filed December 3d, 1866.

No. 30. Account of R. H. Wills, Executor of David Wills, deceased. Filed December 4th, 1866.

No. 31. Account of David Aiken, Jr., Guardian of Wm. Thorn. Filed Dec. 5th, 1866.

No. 32. Account of W. P. Weyman, Administrator of Winefrie O'Brien, dec'd. Filed Dec. 6th, 1866.

No. 33. Account of W. P. Weyman, Administrator of Edward O'Brien, deceased. Filed December 6th, 1866.

No. 34. Final account of W. B. Lee, Administrator of Samuel Baker, deceased. Filed December 8th, 1866.

No. 35. First and final account of John Henor, Executor of Christopher Brannon, deceased. Filed December 11th, 1866.

No. 36. Final account of John Cunningham, Guardian of minor heirs of James Rodgers, deceased. Filed December 11th, 1866.

No. 37. Final account of John Cunningham, Guardian of Matilda A. Grunagle, daughter of James Rodgers. Filed December 11th, 1866.

No. 38. Account of S. B. Mollinger, Executor of Nicholas Mott, deceased. Filed December 11th, 1866.

No. 39. Account of Thomas H. Long, Administrator of James Hoilard, deceased. Filed December 13th, 1866.

No. 40. Account of George D. McGrew, Executor of R. L. McGrew, deceased. Filed December 14th, 1866.

No. 41. Account of James Bell, surviving Executor of Joseph Bell, deceased. Filed December 19th, 1866.

No. 42. Partial account of John Stonelpher, Administrator of Timothy McVay, deceased. Filed December 20th, 1866.

No. 43. Final account of W. W. Thompson, Administrator of Alexander Watson, deceased. Filed December 22d, 1866.

No. 44. Separate account of Robert M. Cust, one of the Executors of Isabella J. C. Rowley, deceased. Filed December 26th, 1866.

No. 45. First and final account of Rev. Tobias Mullen and Robert J. Stoney, Executor of Philip R. Hill, deceased. Filed December 26th, 1866.

No. 46. Final account of Sarah Jane Hopper, Administratrix of Henry Hopper, deceased. Filed December 27th, 1866.

No. 47. Account of John McCaslin, one of the Executors of Samuel McCaslin, deceased. By his Attorney in fact, L. R. McAboy. Filed December 14th, 1866.

No. 48. Final account of James Hood, Guardian of James Herriott, minor son of David Herriott, dec'd. Filed December 27th, 1866.

No. 49. Final account of Jacob W. Robinson, Guardian of children of William Maratta, deceased. Filed December 31st, 1866.

No. 50. Final account of Fred. Beckert, Administrator of William Hess, deceased. Filed December 31st, 1866.

No. 51. Final account of Ebenezer Johnston, Administrator of Sarah Johnston, deceased. Filed January 2d, 1867.

No. 52. First and final account of Thomas M. Howe, Administrator of David C. Stockton, deceased. Filed January 3d, 1867.

No. 53. Final account of John L. Rhodes, Administrator of Isaac Rhodes, deceased. Filed January 4th, 1867.

No. 54. Final account of William Thaw, Thomas S. Clark, and William M. Hersh, Executors of John Thaw, deceased. Filed January 5th, 1867.

No. 55. Final account of G. W. Hays, Administrator of Newton Hutchman, deceased. Filed January 10th, 1867.

No. 56. Account of John Kerney, Administrator of C. W. Culgan, deceased. Filed January 10th, 1867.

No. 57. Account of J. M. K. Snodgrass, Administrator of Thomas Harding, deceased. Filed January 11th, 1867.

No. 58. Final account of Elias H. Alexander, Executor of John Alexander, deceased. Filed January 12th, 1867.

No. 59. First account of James P. Wilson, Administrator of Ann Sullivan, deceased. Filed January 15th, 1867.

No. 60. Final account of Andrew Dickson, Executor of Annie Young, deceased. Filed January 16th, 1867.

No. 61. First and final account of Samuel McElroy, Jr., Administrator of Martha A. McElroy. Filed January 16th, 1867.

No. 62. First account of Francis Anderson and N. Nelson, Executors estate of Samuel Montgomery, deceased. Filed January 19th, 1867.

No. 63. First account of John Voegtley and Wm. Neeb, Administrators of Nicholas Voegtley, deceased. Filed January 19th, 1867.

No. 64. Final account of John S. Willock, Guardian of Charles T. Hays. Filed January 21st, 1867.

No. 65. Final account of John S. Willock, Guardian of Thomas B. Hays. Filed January 21st, 1867.

No. 66. Account of Henry Beigenhlen, Guardian of Sarah Gelber, Ellen Gelber and John Gelber, minor heirs of John W. Gelber, deceased. Filed January 22d, 1867.

No. 67. First and partial account of Edw. H. Hays, Acting Executor of Jacob Hays, deceased. Filed January 22d, 1867.

No. 68. First and final account of Hugh McElheny, one of the Executors estate of Wm. McElheny, deceased. Filed January 23d, 1867.

No. 69. First and final account of Catharine Palmer, Administratrix estate of Michael Palmer, deceased. Filed January 23d, 1867.

No. 70. First and final account of Jeremiah Meek, Acting Executor estate of John Vandervort, dec'd. Filed January 25th, 1867.

No. 71. Account of C. Robb and Wm. K. Johnston, Executor of Andrew Johnston, deceased, who was Executor of Wm. Rogers, deceased. Filed January 25th, 1867.

No. 72. First account of Frederick Deiseroth, Administrator of Christian Deiseroth, deceased. Filed January 26th, 1867.

No. 73. Final account of Frederick Schroeder, Guardian of Catharine Ann Hague, minor child of John F. Hague, deceased. Filed January 26th, 1867.

No. 74. Final account of Freck Schroeder, Guardian of Mary K. Gray, formerly Mary E. Hague, minor child of John F. Hague, deceased. Filed January 26th, 1867.

No. 75. Final account of Jos. Dilworth, Guardian of Jane A. Hersman. Filed January 26th, 1867.

No. 76. First and final account of John M. Osborne, Guardian of Fannie Osborne. Filed January 29th, 1867.

No. 77. First and final account of Moses Phillips, Administrator of the estate of George Richardson, deceased. Filed January 29th, 1867.

No. 78. Account of Jane Blythe, surviving Administratrix estate of Walter S. Blythe, dec'd. Filed January 29th, 1867.

No. 79. Separate account filed for Joseph Coltart, dec'd, one of the Executors of Samuel Nelson, dec'd, by D. A. Morris and Jean Coltart, Executors of Joseph Coltart, dec'd. Filed January 29th, 1867.

No. 80. Supplementary account of Francis G. Bailey, acting Executor of Micasel Allen, dec'd. Filed January 30th, 1867.

No. 81. Account of John B. Miller, Administrator of Oliver Miller, dec'd. Filed February 1st, 1867.

No. 82. Account of Martin O. Lane, Executor of Wm. H. Deford, dec'd. Filed February 1st, 1867.

No. 83. First and final account of F. W. Spreen, Executor of Franz Vondera, dec'd. Filed February 1st, 1867.

No. 84. Final account of Emily Ames, guardian of William H. Wick. Filed February 2d, 1867.

No. 85. Final account of Alexander McGilvery, administrator of James McGilvery, deceased. Filed February 2d, 1867.

JOSEPH H. GRAY, Register.
feb2&23d—9&16*

O'S AND L'S.
NEW ARRIVAL! NEW FRUIT!
200 BOXES PRIME ORANGES AND LEMONS, JUST IN.
Everything Nice for Family Use.
50 bbls. PRIME DRIED APPLES,
Extra Quality PEACHES,
TOMATOES, GREEN CORN,
STRAWBERRIES,
PEAS, BEANS,
GUAVA JELLY,
FRUIT PRESERVES,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA AND BROMA,
ENGLISH PICKLES AND SAUCE,
FINE TABLE OILS, &c., AT
REYMER & BROS.,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS AND FRUIT DEALERS,
NOS. 126 and 128 WOOD STREET.

SPECIAL CARD.
We are now prepared to contract for and furnish promptly,
BLAST FURNACE
ENGINES AND BLOWERS,
Rolling Mill
ENGINES AND MACHINERY.
Of any required size or design of best materials and workmanship. Also, TOTTEN'S PATENT GROOVED CHILL ROLLS, which are worthy the especial attention of all makers of Bar Iron and Steel.
We respectfully refer to any of the Iron or Steel Manufacturers of this city and vicinity.
See general card in this paper.
N. B. HOGG, ROBT. C. TOTTEN, formerly of Knap, Wade & Co.
Totten & Co.
FULTON FOUNDRY, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PAPER BAGS.
W. A. M'CLURG, 57 HAND ST.
ALWAYS ON HAND, PRINTED TO ORDER, the BEST PAPER BAGS made for Flour, Buckwheat and Groceries. Also,
WRAPPING PAPER AND TWINES.
no22-tf

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS.
WHOLESALE.
M'ELROY, DICKSON
AND
COMPANY,
54
Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH,
OFFER AT ALL TIMES
GOOD GOODS
AT
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Persons in want of any of the above mentioned articles will find it greatly to their advantage by giving us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
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WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & Co., (Sign of the Anvil,) Importers and Dealers in HARDWARE AND CUTLERY. Three doors above St. Charles Hotel, No. 56 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

The Daily Commercial

THE PULPIT.

Sermon Preached by Henry Ward Beecher, on Sunday Morning, Jan. 20, 1867, in Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.

"For we are saved by hope."—Rom. iii. 24.

Not exclusively. Elsewhere it is said, "We are saved by faith." Again, there are representations in the Bible, though not in the same praseology, which show that love is the salvable disposition. We are saved by the power of God's Spirit, &c. There are many co-operating elements in a man's salvation. We are not, therefore, to suppose, when it is declared that we are saved by any single element, that it excludes every other, but that this is an important and constituent element in a given result.

The religion of Christ is distinguished from all others by its great fruitfulness and fullness in private experience. There have been other religions that had the power of stirring up zeal, intense activity, fanaticism, and of bringing men, by cities and nations, into campaigns of religious effectiveness, such as it was; but none others has been like the Christian in entering into the hearts of the poor, the desolate, the ignorant, the wicked, one by one, and separately, and stirring up there, not simply a new life of purity, but such hopefulness, such joyfulness, as brought all the powers into a very summer of growth and efficiency. This has been peculiar to the Christian religion.

It results chiefly from the class of feelings which Christian faith adopts, stimulates and makes easily active. We all know that men work better and feel better in some moods than in others. It is not a matter of unimportance, even in the common work, what kind of feelings ...

... the chequered experiences of the year all things shall work together for good to them that love Him. He that spared not His Son, shall He not with him freely give us all needed things?

More than that. What is it but the certainty, in the hope of its being, that father and mother who watch over him, will continue their care ... Is it this, that the child is of service to the family? Is it this, that when it gets to be fifteen or sixteen years old it contributes so much to the family that it is worth while for its parents to take care of it? Does this confidence which the parents have that children will be brought up rest on the fact that it will pay? ... Is it that children are brought up in the family? If a child is born, do the parents say, "Who knows but he will bring glory on the family?" ... It is with joy that they reflect that the time will come when the child will pay back for every care and every sorrow it had caused them; but is that their foresight? Does the parent say, "We have a chance for a good investment; here is a child that has a good brain, in the right spot; and he has a good physical constitution, promises well in every respect, and I think we had better raise him; our minds, my dear, to raise him; who knows but he will become as great as Daniel Webster, and a governor; and that we may get an income from him by-and-by?" Is that the way they reason and talk? Is there any such motive? and is not that true that father and mother cannot help it? Neglect your child if you can; try to do it. You love it so much ... reason that you will take care of it ... will do it because it is more ... do it than to do it. I do not care if you are sick and broken of your rest; I do not care if you are subjected to this burden; I do not care if you give up festivities and pleasures there; I do not care if you are hollow and furrowed, you love it, and you will take care of it.

Oh, how wonderful is the power of love, that takes possession and turns all self-seeking into nothingness ...

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Madelaide, the Belle of the Faubourg.

VARIETIES THEATRE.

PUBLIC CATHOLIC LIBRARY LECTURES. "MONEY, WEALTH, AND OUR NATIONAL FINANCES," BY DR. WILLIAM ELDER.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, ON TUESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS, February 26th and 28th.

FAIR AND FESTIVAL WILL BE HELD IN THE Seventh Ward Public School House, ON FEBRUARY 21st, 22d AND 23d.

CITY HALL, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27th. Grand Concert OF SACRED AND SECULAR MUSIC, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE WORTHY POOR, WITHOUT REGARD TO CREED OR COLOR.

CITY BILL POSTER. JAMES THACKERY.

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NOTICE. AMERICAN ANTI-INCRUSTATOR

STATE LOAN.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOAN. PROPOSALS FOR A LOAN OF $23 000 000. AN ACT TO CREATE A LOAN FOR THE REDEMPTION OF The Over-Due Bonds of the Commonwealth.

JOHN W. GEARY, JOHN F. HARTANFT, Auditor General. W. H. KEMBLE, State Treasurer.

CARPETS.

SPRING TRADE. NEW GOODS NOW ARRIVING, OUR IMMENSE SELECTION OF ENGLISH WILTONS, VELVETS AND BRUSSELS AMERICAN GOODS, OF ALL GRADES, AT A GREAT DECLINE FROM LAST SEASON'S PRICES. Cheap Carpets, TRAVELING AND RAILWAY ROBES, VERY LOW. Oliver McClintock & Co., 25 FIFTH STREET.

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The Weekly Commercial.

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PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKET.

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LUMBER MARKET.

MANILLA, HEMP AND TARRED CORDAGE, OAKUM, &C.

FRUIT MARKET.

BROOM MARKET.

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Cincinnati Market.

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St. Louis Market.

Albany Cattle Market.

Baltimore Market.

Louisville Market.

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RIVER TELEGRAMS.

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

PROVISIONS. Lard Oil.

RIVER PACKETS.

Monongahela River Packets. 1867. MONONGAHELA RIVER. 1867. Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva PACKET COMPANY.

TO ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER. PEOPLE'S LINE 1867. 1867.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENT. 1867. 1867. NORTHERN LINE PACKETS FROM St. Louis to Keokuk, AND ST. PAUL.

St. Paul Packets.

St. Louis Packet Line. 1867. 1867. FITTSBURGH AND ST. LOUIS PACKET LINE.

Marietta & Parkersburg Packet Line. PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, MARIETTA & PARKERSBURG LINE. 1867. 1867.

Pittsburgh and Portsmouth Packets.

Memphis and New Orleans. FOR NEW ORLEANS. THE NEW, MAGNIFICENT AND MAMMOTH "LOW PRESSURE" STEAMER, Great Republic, W. B. DONALDSON, Commander, WILL COMMENCE Receiving Freight, FOR Memphis, VICKSBURG, AND NEW ORLEANS, ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 25, AND LEAVE AS ABOVE, ON THURSDAY, March 14, 1867, POSITIVELY.

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